

THE BRANDON MAIL

VOL. II. NO. 41

BRANDON, MAN. THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 23, 1893.

FIVE CENTS

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25 CENTS A BOX.
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Provincial and Territorial.

The funeral of the late S. McAdoo, Sr., who died in Brandon, Man., took place Tuesday at Pittsburgh, Ont., and was largely attended. There were over 100 riggs in the procession.

The 129 head of Ontario cattle exhibited at the World's Fair won \$4,791 in prizes, and the horse prizes secured by the province amounted to \$800.

The postoffice authorities have impounded the mail of the "Toronto Toilet Company," believing it to be a fraud. About a thousand letters, each supposed to contain 75c, are in question.

An effort made by some citizens of Whitewood to have the Mounted Police Constable on duty in that town removed has resulted in the said constable's promotion to Corporal.

At the last meeting of the Minnedosa Presbytery it was resolved to recommend the granting of loans of \$500 for a church at Yorkton, \$200 for one at Orkney and \$200 for one at Raven Lake.

In the Qu'Appelle correspondence of the Free Press appears the following:—"Mr. W. B. Croshaw, of Moose Jaw, was in town recently and defeated the champion at tennis in a spirited game which was viewed by a large throng of spectators."

Thomas Cathcart, a young man who has lived with Mr. E. Cowan of Melbourne, for three years, died suddenly on Wednesday morning from inflammation of the bowels. His people live in West Durham, Ont.

Five separators have been burned in the Morden district since the threshing began. Forbes and McDonald, of Hartney had their separator and valuable span of horses burnt on Tuesday. These acts emphasize the necessity of extreme caution while threshing on windy days.

Physicians say that at the present time there is more typhoid fever in the city than there has been for year past and unless greater precautions are taken with regard to sanitary matters, the disease is liable to become epidemic. The fever is not of a mild type and the mortality percentage is comparatively high.—Free Press.

A correspondent writing from southern Manitoba says that the crops at Carman are the best he has seen. He was informed by Mr. W. R. Black, a gentleman well known in Carberry, that in no instance has the yield been less than 18 bushels to the acre. This information was gathered from the threshers themselves, and is reliable.

Dr. Gunne, at one time a resident of Carberry, has returned from St. Paul, where he had gone to practice his profession, and has taken up his residence permanently at Glenboro. He did not enjoy the society of Uncle Sam. Sabbath desecration was not enjoyable to the Dr., who prefers the purer morals of a Canadian town.

A special sitting of the supreme court will be held at Yorkton on Oct. 2nd under the presidency of Justice Wetmore for the trial of a local steading case. There will also be a regular sitting of the same court at Salabook on Oct. 4th, when the Queen vs. Walby will be heard for obtaining good on false pretenses, and the Queen vs. Hall for false pretenses.

It was reported here that the first and saw mills at Strathclair (Big Bend), were destroyed by fire on Monday night. Such being the case, our Strathclair friends would do well to give the Rapid City mills a trial as they are being fitted up with new and latest improved machinery throughout.

Here is what Peter Cooper said of a newspaper: "In all the towns where a newspaper is published every man should advertise in it, if nothing more than his card stating his name and the business he is engaged in. It does not only pay the advertiser, but lets people at a distance know that the town in which you reside is a prosperous community of business men. As the seed is sown so the seed recompenses. Never pull down your sign while you expect to do business."

The fifth annual prize meeting of the Assiniboia Provincial Rifle Association will be held on the association ranges on Friday and Saturday the 6th and 7th of October next. Through the generosity of the friends of the association in Regina, the council is again enabled to offer a liberal prize list in which certain in the conditions of some of the matches have been made, with a view to making the programme attractive for young shots. Entries will be received by the secretary-treasurer, Mr. J. A. Mitchell, up to Wednesday evening the 4th of October, and it is particularly requested that all local entries be made not later than that date.

We regret to chronicle the death of Mr. Gilbert Curry of Hamiota which took place on Sept. 3rd, after a lingering illness of a year and a half. The deceased was an estimable young man, 22 years of age and highly respected by every one who knew him for his many good qualities. His father was one of the first settlers in the Hamiota district and at the age of 74 is still hale and hearty and resides on the old homestead 10-14-23. The family came originally from Huron County, Ontario, and one brother Luther lives at Arrow River and another Christopher at Rathfriland. The funeral took place on Monday Sept. 5th at the Hamiota cemetery and was attended by a large concourse of friends who turned out to pay their last tribute of respect to the memory of the deceased. Rev. Mr. Reymond of Hamiota conducted the funeral service.

During the twelve months recently ended in Pilot Mound, Messrs. Gordon & Ironsides paid out for fat cattle, \$115,000; and Messrs. Baird Bros., \$50,000. A total of 165,000 hard cash paid into the farmer's hands, and most of it at the time of year when there is no money coming in from grain sales. If the farmers of this district were to do cattle raising to wheat raising and secure an addition like this to their incomes!

As an instance, possibly, of life assurance enterprise, it is related by the Calgary Herald that "Mr. F. D. Cooper, general agent for the British Empire Insurance Co., went north on Tuesday." Was Mr. Cooper going to labor with the people of Edmonton, to convert the dwellers on Duck Lake or Peace River? Or would he undertake industrial risks on the poposes of the Slave or the great Mackenzie?—Monetary Times.

The selection by their lordships of Bishop Machray for the office of Primate of all Canada, seems to have been unanimous. Naturally Archbishop Lewis, the venerable Metropolitan of Canada, might have been expected to fill the position, but the weight of years, together with his other duties evidently disinclined him from accepting it, for he nominated to the high honor his brother metropolitan from the west. Archbishop Machray has ripe experience and mature years, together with physical vigor to aid him in discharging the duties which will now devolve upon him.—Toronto Mail.

The Icelanders of Tiger Hill settlement give considerable attention to sheep raising, perhaps, the only persons in Manitoba that prepare home-made cloth, flannel and stocking yarns from the wool of their own flocks, says the Pilot Mound Sentinel. The wool is carded with hand cards and spun in a very skilful manner. Some of the wheels used are of a very old fashioned kind, such as were used in Iceland, and a number have been brought from the distant island with other baggage. The wheels which resemble those introduced into Manitoba by Lord Selkirk's first settlers. When the wives and daughters of Icelanders have prepared the yarn, what is not required for stockings is woven on hand looms into excellent and durable cloth.

Grenfell Fall Fair

GRENFELL, Sept. 22. The tenth annual exhibition of the Agricultural society was held here yesterday. The weather was very unfavorable, a drizzling rain with a strong, cold northwesterly making matters rather unpleasant for the small number of people who were able to attend. The lateness of the season does not detract from the success of an early fall show. The prevalent opinion among practical farmers here now is that to obtain the greatest amount of good the Agricultural society should hold three fairs during the year, the first for stallions and bulls only, the second during the summer for all other horses, cattle, sheep, pigs, poultry, etc., and driving, trotting and jumping competitions, etc., the third show to be held in the fall for all grain and stock, garden vegetables, dairy produce, etc. This would entail more work and probably more money would be required for prizes, but the competition would be much more keen and the attraction therefore greater. The prize winners were:

Heavy draught—Team in harness, 1 H. C. Cummings; mare with foal at foot, 1 H. C. Cummings; gelding or gelding, two years old, 1 J. Crull; 2 S. Fleming; filly or gelding, one year old, 1 C. Burry; 2 W. S. Asplund; foal of 1893, 1 C. G. Chisholm; 2 R. Bush; gelding or mare, 1 Wm. Pollock; 2 T. A. Skiller.

General purpose—Team in harness, 1 O. P. Skrine; mare with foal at foot, 1 N. McLeod; 2 E. A. Coy; filly or gelding, two years old, 1 C. P. Skrine; 2 W. H. Ball; filly or gelding, one year old, 1 C. Rockford; 2 T. W. Wright; foal of 1893, 1 T. Brownridge; 2 W. Richardson; gelding or mare, 1 T. W. Wright; 2 W. McLeod.

Roadsters—Team in harness, R. A. Copeland; 2 W. McEwen; mare with foal at foot, 1 C. Cummings; filly or gelding, two years old, 1 Dr. B. 2 Wm. Dixon; filly or gelding, one year old, 1 A. T. Fotheringham; 2 J. Crull; foal of 1893, R. B. Bennett; 2 H. C. Cummings; gelding or mare in harness, 1 R. A. Copeland; 2 W. McEwen; saddle horse, 14, 1 C. G. Chisholm; 2 R. J. Gwynne; pony mare with foal, 1 H. C. Cummings; 2 Col. Lake; saddle pony under 14, 1 R. A. Copeland; 2 H. C. Cummings.

Special prizes—Best saddle pony under 14, 1 R. A. Copeland; best driving team, 1 J. G. Glenn; best foal by Lord Wilton, 1 Wm. Richardson; best ground team, 1 R. A. Copeland; 2 W. Richardson; best turnout, 1 R. A. Copeland; 2 J. G. Glenn.

Pedigree—Heifer, calf 1893, 1 T. S. Dickson; bull calf 1893, T. S. Dickson. Grade cattle—Steer, calf 1893, 1 Wm. Fall; 2 W. Dixon; milk cow, 1 Wm. Fall; 2 G. Shink; heifer, two years old, 1 and 2 W. McLeod; heifer, one year old, 1 Wm. McLeod; 2 W. Dixon; heifer calf, 1893, 1 W. McLeod; 2 Wm. Dixon; beef animal, 1 Wm. Fall; 2 Wm. McLeod.

Special prizes—Best herd of cattle, 1 Wm. Dixon; best beef animal, 1 Wm. Fall.

Long wool sheep—Ram any age pedigree, C. Weldon; pair ewes, 1 C. Weldon. Short wool sheep—Ram any age pedigree, 1 J. Laidlaw; 2 J. W. Crush; pair ewes, 1 O. P. Skrine; 2 J. Laidlaw; pair lambs, 1 O. P. Skrine; 2 J. Laidlaw. Medium wool sheep ewes, 1 C. Weldon; pair lambs; ewes, 1 C. Weldon.

Class 10—Grade boar any age, 1 J. Fotheringham; breeding sow, 1 R. E. Bennett; 2 J. Fotheringham; pair spring pigs, 1 J. Crull; 2 D. W. McGregor.

Class 11—Pair Plymouth Rocks, 1 R. B. Irvine; 2 S. Barber; pair any other variety, 1 S. Barber; pair turkeys, 1 W. S. Morrow; 2 R. B. Irvine; pair geese, 1 S. Barber; 2 R. B. Irvine; pair ducks, 1 R. B. Irvine; 2 S. Barber.

Class 12—Wheat, Red Fyfe, 1 A. Switzer; 2 Col. Lake; 3 W. Richardson; wheat, white, 1 R. B. Irvine; W. Wilde; wheat, Ladoga, 1 Col. Lake; wheat any other, 1 A. Switzer; 2 R. B. Irvine; oats, white, 1 A. Switzer; 2 W. Wilde; oats, black, 1 W. Wilde; barley, Canadian, 1 W. Wilde; barley, two-rowed, 1 W. Dixon; 2 W. Wilde; peas, field, 1 R. B. Irvine; rye, 1 W. Dixon.

Class 13—Potatoes, Early Rose, 1 T. Brownridge; 2 R. B. Irvine; potatoes, Beauty Hebron, 1 T. Brownridge; 2 G. Crull; potatoes, seedling, 1 D. W. McGregor; 2 R. B. Irvine; potatoes, any other, 1 S. McDonald; 2 G. Crull; six weeks turnips, 1 W. Wilde; 2 R. S. Ennis; twelve manfold turnips, 1 W. Pollock; 2 W. Wilde; twelve field carrots, 1 W. Dixon; 2 W. Wilde.

Class 14—Six beets, 1 J. Hewitt; 2 D. Niblock; six large onions—1 F. Aston; 2 D. W. McGregor; three cabbage, white, 1 W. Wilde; 2 R. S. Ennis; three cabbage, red, 1 W. Wilde; 2 S. Crull; three cauliflowers—1 W. Wilde; 2 J. S. McDonald; bunch radishes, 1 R. S. Ennis; 2 W. Wilde; bunch winter radishes—1 W. Dixon; 2 W. Wilde; three bunches parsley—1 W. Wilde; 2 R. L. Ennis; three bunches celery—1 W. Wilde; 2 Col. Lake; three bunch potato onions—1 R. S. Ennis; 2 J. Crull; three bunch lettuce—1 Col. Lake; 2 W. Wilde; one peck of peas in pod—1 J. Crull; six garden turnips—1 J. Crull; 2 W. Fall; six turnips—1 W. S. Asplund; 2 R. Hillhouse; six long carrots—1 J. S. McDonald; 2 W. Wilde; six short carrots—1 Wm. S. Asplund; 2 R. S. Ennis; three cucumbers, short—1 A. Switzer; 2 Col. Lake; collection of herbs—1 Col. Lake; 2 W. Wilde; six onions from seed—1 R. S. Ennis; 2 J. S. McDonald; three cirsium—1 M. T. Bird; 2 G. Crull; two pumpkins—1 A. Switzer; 2 M. T. Bird; two squashes—1 M. T. Bird; 2 R. S. Ennis; vegetable marrow—1 W. S. Asplund; 2 J. Hewitt; collection vegetables—1 W. Wilde; 2 F. Fall; six ears corn—1 D. W. McGregor; 2 T. A. Skiller.

Class 15—Firm butter, 30 lbs.—1 R. B. Irvine; 2 G. T. Fleming; roll butter, 5 lbs.—1 J. F. Fotheringham; 2 W. H. Thompson; cheese, home made, 10 lbs.—1 D. Niblock; 2 S. Fleming; the leaves broad—1 J. Hewitt; 2 S. Fleming. Special prize—Best tub butter, 30 lbs. J. Hewitt.

Class 16—Rag carpet, 1 G. T. Fleming; 2 R. B. Irvine; hook mat, 1 F. Hardy; 2 P. L. Fall; quilt, knitted, 1 G. T. Fleming; 2 J. F. Fotheringham; quilt, patch, 1 D. Niblock; 2 J. S. McDonald; quilt, log cabin, 1 G. T. Fleming; 2 P. L. Fall; pair stockings, 1 W. Niblock; pair socks, 1 P. L. Fall; 2 J. Hewitt; darned socks, 1 J. Hewitt; crocheted work, 1 D. Niblock; 2 Mrs. Cameron; lace work, 1 Mrs. Coy; 2 N. S. Morrow; damask shirt, 1 A. Switzer; 2 D. Niblock; collection ladies work, 1 G. T. Fleming.

Class 17—Collection preserved fruits, 1 W. Wilde; 2 D. Niblock; collection jellies, native fruits, 1 W. Wilde; 2 D. Niblock; home made wine, 1 D. Niblock; collection cultivated flowers, 1 W. Greenlee; 2 S. Barber; collection house plants, 1 Mrs. Coy; 2 Mrs. Cameron; and Mrs. Greenlee; penmanship, children under 12 years, 1 C. Richardson; 2 R. Bennett; and A. Cameron; pencil drawing, children under 15, 1 W. Wilde; 2 E. Greenlee. Special prizes—Neatness and good writing, 1 W. Niblock; children under 13, 1 E. Greenlee; 2 E. H. Thompson; pen work, children under 10, 1 A. M. Cameron; 2 Lavinia Gundy.

Class 18—Collection preserved fruits, 1 W. Wilde; 2 D. Niblock; collection jellies, native fruits, 1 W. Wilde; 2 D. Niblock; home made wine, 1 D. Niblock; collection cultivated flowers, 1 W. Greenlee; 2 S. Barber; collection house plants, 1 Mrs. Coy; 2 Mrs. Cameron; and Mrs. Greenlee; penmanship, children under 12 years, 1 C. Richardson; 2 R. Bennett; and A. Cameron; pencil drawing, children under 15, 1 W. Wilde; 2 E. Greenlee. Special prizes—Neatness and good writing, 1 W. Niblock; children under 13, 1 E. Greenlee; 2 E. H. Thompson; pen work, children under 10, 1 A. M. Cameron; 2 Lavinia Gundy.

Class 19—Collection preserved fruits, 1 W. Wilde; 2 D. Niblock; collection jellies, native fruits, 1 W. Wilde; 2 D. Niblock; home made wine, 1 D. Niblock; collection cultivated flowers, 1 W. Greenlee; 2 S. Barber; collection house plants, 1 Mrs. Coy; 2 Mrs. Cameron; and Mrs. Greenlee; penmanship, children under 12 years, 1 C. Richardson; 2 R. Bennett; and A. Cameron; pencil drawing, children under 15, 1 W. Wilde; 2 E. Greenlee.

Class 20—Collection preserved fruits, 1 W. Wilde; 2 D. Niblock; collection jellies, native fruits, 1 W. Wilde; 2 D. Niblock; home made wine, 1 D. Niblock; collection cultivated flowers, 1 W. Greenlee; 2 S. Barber; collection house plants, 1 Mrs. Coy; 2 Mrs. Cameron; and Mrs. Greenlee; penmanship, children under 12 years, 1 C. Richardson; 2 R. Bennett; and A. Cameron; pencil drawing, children under 15, 1 W. Wilde; 2 E. Greenlee. Special prizes—Neatness and good writing, 1 W. Niblock; children under 13, 1 E. Greenlee; 2 E. H. Thompson; pen work, children under 10, 1 A. M. Cameron; 2 Lavinia Gundy.

Class 21—Collection preserved fruits, 1 W. Wilde; 2 D. Niblock; collection jellies, native fruits, 1 W. Wilde; 2 D. Niblock; home made wine, 1 D. Niblock; collection cultivated flowers, 1 W. Greenlee; 2 S. Barber; collection house plants, 1 Mrs. Coy; 2 Mrs. Cameron; and Mrs. Greenlee; penmanship, children under 12 years, 1 C. Richardson; 2 R. Bennett; and A. Cameron; pencil drawing, children under 15, 1 W. Wilde; 2 E. Greenlee.

Class 22—Collection preserved fruits, 1 W. Wilde; 2 D. Niblock; collection jellies, native fruits, 1 W. Wilde; 2 D. Niblock; home made wine, 1 D. Niblock; collection cultivated flowers, 1 W. Greenlee; 2 S. Barber; collection house plants, 1 Mrs. Coy; 2 Mrs. Cameron; and Mrs. Greenlee; penmanship, children under 12 years, 1 C. Richardson; 2 R. Bennett; and A. Cameron; pencil drawing, children under 15, 1 W. Wilde; 2 E. Greenlee. Special prizes—Neatness and good writing, 1 W. Niblock; children under 13, 1 E. Greenlee; 2 E. H. Thompson; pen work, children under 10, 1 A. M. Cameron; 2 Lavinia Gundy.

Class 23—Collection preserved fruits, 1 W. Wilde; 2 D. Niblock; collection jellies, native fruits, 1 W. Wilde; 2 D. Niblock; home made wine, 1 D. Niblock; collection cultivated flowers, 1 W. Greenlee; 2 S. Barber; collection house plants, 1 Mrs. Coy; 2 Mrs. Cameron; and Mrs. Greenlee; penmanship, children under 12 years, 1 C. Richardson; 2 R. Bennett; and A. Cameron; pencil drawing, children under 15, 1 W. Wilde; 2 E. Greenlee.

Class 24—Collection preserved fruits, 1 W. Wilde; 2 D. Niblock; collection jellies, native fruits, 1 W. Wilde; 2 D. Niblock; home made wine, 1 D. Niblock; collection cultivated flowers, 1 W. Greenlee; 2 S. Barber; collection house plants, 1 Mrs. Coy; 2 Mrs. Cameron; and Mrs. Greenlee; penmanship, children under 12 years, 1 C. Richardson; 2 R. Bennett; and A. Cameron; pencil drawing, children under 15, 1 W. Wilde; 2 E. Greenlee. Special prizes—Neatness and good writing, 1 W. Niblock; children under 13, 1 E. Greenlee; 2 E. H. Thompson; pen work, children under 10, 1 A. M. Cameron; 2 Lavinia Gundy.

Class 25—Collection preserved fruits, 1 W. Wilde; 2 D. Niblock; collection jellies, native fruits, 1 W. Wilde; 2 D. Niblock; home made wine, 1 D. Niblock; collection cultivated flowers, 1 W. Greenlee; 2 S. Barber; collection house plants, 1 Mrs. Coy; 2 Mrs. Cameron; and Mrs. Greenlee; penmanship, children under 12 years, 1 C. Richardson; 2 R. Bennett; and A. Cameron; pencil drawing, children under 15, 1 W. Wilde; 2 E. Greenlee. Special prizes—Neatness and good writing, 1 W. Niblock; children under 13, 1 E. Greenlee; 2 E. H. Thompson; pen work, children under 10, 1 A. M. Cameron; 2 Lavinia Gundy.

she comes out in the sky, and the stars are glad, and they come out of the places they hid in, and forget to be afraid and play. But when the sun wakes again they run. He is always after them, and he catches them sometimes. This one," continued Sam, again pointing to the comet, "the sun catch one time. He got away though, but the sun bit him and hurt him. That is why he bleed so now he's heap scared, and so he keeps his face always towards the place where the sun is sleeping.

An "At Home."

On the eve of the departure of Rev. Mr. Gould for his home in Ontario there was an "At Home" held in the Baptist chapel in this city. At an early hour people from all parts of the town could be seen wending their way to the place appointed and as the children in connection with the church were invited to attend, the patter of their little feet, as well as the prattle of their young, silvery tongues could be heard in every direction along the sidewalks as they hurried along to the chapel as doves flock to their windows.

Rev. Mr. Gould was called to the chair and his own name was first on the programme, he was compelled once more to be heard on a Brandon platform before his departure. He spoke earnestly for about 20 minutes on the elevating power of true religion, and then commenced the programme proper by calling on the numerous parties who took part in the entertainment, whose names are as follows: Misses Maud and Gertrude Smyth duet; Miss Maggie McLean solo; Mr. Tranter declamation; Miss Foster solo; Miss Daniels reading; Miss Knute solo.

Special mention will not be out of place so far as Mr. Tranter is concerned. His "Declamation" was well prepared; his justification natural, but his voice, on account of his recent illness, was presumable, was too low. Miss Knute's articulation was distinct, every word being heard. The chairman complimented Miss Foster on account of the full and perfect tone of her voice. Miss McLean's voice has improved wonderfully since we last heard her sing, but her words were somewhat indistinct. Her voice is sweet. The Misses Smyth's duet was exceedingly well rendered.

Refreshments were served in the schoolroom which were certainly relished by old and young. At the close of this social evening Rev. Mr. Gould bade farewell to many a new friend, and also to some old friends who earnestly wish his hasty return.

The Beaubien Hotel.

The position of the Beaubien is first class being on the Northeast corner of the Market square at the corner of 8th street and Princess Avenue and within a short distance from the C. P. R. and N. P. stations. The old Beaubien hotel was so well known and patronized that it is almost unnecessary for us to say anything about the new Beaubien, except that it occupies the old stand and also that the faces of Mr. Payne and his brother-in-law young Mr. Beaubien, are to be moving about the spacious hall, bar, parlours etc., ready to entertain their old customers as well as the new ones. The building is brick four stories high including the basement. Its arrangements are of the very latest style and they are perfect in all departments. The size is 45x80 ft., and it is 48 ft. high; yet its guests need fear no danger from fire as the most perfect fire escape extends from the roof to the earth, so that even a child may escape cremation.

Electricity supplies light and hot air is furnished by two large furnaces. The ceiling is high; the halls and rooms large; the painting and staining are good, and the ventilation is exquisite. British Columbia has furnished some of the wood used in its construction and Mr. Patterson, the contractor, has a right to be proud of his job.

Its furnishings are really magnificent. The Beaubien stables which may be termed the "Old Prince of Wales" are situated on the hotel premises just across the street from the Haymarket, so that the hotel is furnished thoroughly with everything necessary for the accommodation of both man and beast.

Horrors of the Railway.

St. Louis, Sept. 22.—At Kingsbury, Ind., a station on the Wabash railway, 65 miles east of Chicago, the second train of the westbound passenger train No. 55 from Detroit to Chicago, ran into the eastbound freight train No. 72, standing on a siding at 5.20 this morning wrecking both engines, coaches and sleeper of the passenger train. Relief trains started immediately for the scene of the wreck, taking physicians. It is reported that 10 persons have been taken out dead, Engineer Green and Conductor Coulter, of the passenger train, being among the killed. The engineer of the freight train is also killed. Everything is being done to rescue the injured and to comfort the neighboring houses. The accident was caused by the brakeman of the freight train turning the switch to let the freight train out of the siding after the first section of the passenger train had passed and just before the arrival of the second section. The first section were that fifty people had been killed.

Big Chicago Blaze.

CHICAGO, Sept. 23.—The large malt house of the W. H. Burcell company at 28 to 31 Larrabee street was burned Saturday evening. Soon after the flames were discovered an explosion shattered part of the main building and the following ten men were injured: Lieut. William Cebeurus, of the insurance patrol, burned seriously about the head and shoulders; Patrick H. Carroll, fireman, slightly burned; Lambert Beck, fireman, scalp wound and burned about the face and hands; John W. Hitty, employed in the malt house, head and elbow cut, right foot crushed, fireman, face and shoulders seriously bruised; John Stevens, slightly bruised; John Connor, slight burns; Fred Richtbrock, fireman, burned and bruised; Wm. Quirk, slight burns; Theodore Curry, fireman, face and hands burned; Laurence Johnson, right leg broken; Henry Bassett, fireman face and hands burned. None of the men are expected to die. The cause of the explosion is not known, but it is supposed to have come from dust and air. The building was almost entirely destroyed and the loss is estimated at \$55,000. The loss on barley and malt stored in the building is estimated at \$467,000. All losses are completely covered by insurance.

Jealousy's Hand.

PROSSKY, Mich., Sept.—Abram Wisley, a laborer who has been working in the Rice tannery, shot his wife four times, probably fatally wounding her, with a revolver, and was himself instantly killed by a young man named Henry Sik. The Wisley's lived unhappily ever since their marriage seven years ago, and parted by mutual consent three weeks ago, when the woman applied for a divorce. Wisley on Saturday afternoon vainly tried to induce his wife to live with him, and then drew a revolver and fired, missing all taking effect. Young Sik rushed into the room and fired four times, one ball going through Wisley's body, and the other struck him in the forehead, causing instant death. Sik is under surveillance, awaiting the result of inquest.

Polo at Grenfell.

The match between Regina and Grenfell was played here on Saturday, 16th September. Regina led the way in their favor for the first two periods, and had the best of the game to begin with. At the end of the third quarter of an hour the score was 3 goals all in the last quarter with the wind in their favor, Grenfell added three more goals just before time was called. Regina pressed the Grenfell goal very hard but failed to score, and so after a most exciting evenly contested game Grenfell were left winners by six goals to three. Grenfell—Messrs. Belton, Captain; Ellis, Peterson, Copeland; Regina—Messrs. Lawson, Captain; Baker, Hayter Reed, Whitmore.

An Awful Accident.

A dispatch from Milton, N. D., says the most frightful accident that ever happened there occurred at the farm of James Benson Saturday. While threshing was in progress the crew was thrashing by the machine stopping dead still, and they were horrified to see the body and legs of a man projecting from under the cylinder. The men were speechless with horror, but several had presence of mind enough to seize the legs and pull from the machine as much of the body as was not ground up. Five convulsions of the cylinder were broken, and pieces of human flesh, bones and brains were scattered all through the machine. The unfortunate man was Gauder Christenson. He had fallen into the cylinder while feeding.

Conference Suggested.

London, Sept. 21.—The Coal Miners' association held a meeting in London to day at which was read a communication from the secretary of the Miners' federation suggesting that the masters meet delegates from the federation with a view to making some arrangements for the resumption of work by the strike miners. The communication decided to adopt the suggestion therein contained. The outcome of the conference cannot be predicted, but it is doubtful if the meeting will result in a settlement of the long dispute. A majority of the masters hold that a material reduction in wages is imperative, while the miners express unwillingness to accept a large reduction.

Thompson's Tour.

BERLIN, Sept. 25.—The premier and colleagues arrived here at 10 o'clock today. They were met by the council and a large crowd. An address was read at the station, and Thompson was presented with a beautiful bouquet by Miss Lankey. He replied to the address. The visitors were driven around the town, visited the principal industries, and left for Kilmars at noon, where a picnic was held. They return here to-night for the meeting.

Railroad Disaster.

KINGSBURY, Ind., Sept. 22.—Eleven bodies resting upon improvised sleds and tables under the stars in the most desolate of this village, and a score of injured registered as inmates of the city hospital at Peru, seventy miles distant, tell the story of the latest railroad horror of which this village was the scene at daylight this morning.

Sore
Throat,
Coughs,
Colds,
and
Diphtheria
have for
50 YEARS
yielded to
Perry Davis'
Pain Killer
Buy a 25¢ Bottle

YOUR HEALTH!



IF YOU ARE RUN DOWN
TRY

the
DR. PRICE'S
EMULSION

It Will Make You Eat.
Will Tone Your Nerves.
Will Make You Strong.
Will Make You Feel Like
Yourself Again.

FOR CHRONIC COUGH IT
IS ALMOST SPECIFIC.

In all Pulmonary Diseases with emaciation,
as well as with spitting of blood, the
effects of this remedy are very marked.

50c. and \$1.00 PER BOTTLE.

BE SURE YOU GET THE "D. A. L."

STEWLER'S
WILD
CHERRY
CURES
COLIC
CHOLERA
DYSENTERY
DIARRHOEA
AND
ALL
CHILDREN'S
COMPLAINTS
PRICE 35 CENTS
BOTTLE OF 10 BOTTLES

Weak
Children
will derive strength and
acquire robust health
by a persevering use of the great
Food Medicine
SCOTT'S
EMULSION

"CAUTION."—Beware of substitutes.
Genuine prepared by Scott & Bowen,
New York. Sold by all druggists.
50c. and \$1.00.

A HAPPY MARRIAGE.

MRS. FRANK LESLIE DRAWS A PARALLEL BETWEEN RICHES AND LOVE.

She Says a Man Who Is Too Rich Cannot Make a Good Lover and Intimates the Same Thing About Women—Poverty, the Door and the Window

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HERE is no smoke without at least a little fire to kindle it, and there is no popular belief without some foundation in fact. Popular proverbs especially are almost always indices to popular conviction founded on experience and for that reason are generally worthy of attention.

Sometimes, however, the convictions thus expressed are thoroughly repugnant to those—what shall I say?—finer sentiments perhaps of our nature which, starting with us on the journey of life, are apt to fray out, grow ragged and dubious and finally wear away altogether, much as the fringes and ribbons and laces of a smart gown will gradually disappear if the garment is taken for every-day wear.

One of these proverbs, as we all know, is, "When Poverty comes in the door, Love flies out of the window," and our question just now is to discover how much fire goes to the manufacture of this smoke, how much hard angular fact underlies this glittering generality.

Of course we none of us wish to believe it. Human nature left to itself is very sentimental, and the advance optimists are simply the people who decline to be convinced of the deceptiveness of sentiment. For myself, I like to be deceived by pretty sentiments. I like to be optimistic and to cherish my childish faith that there is a gold cup at the end of the rainbow and some day I shall find it; that the moon is made of green cheese, and that a bit of this same cheese, with bread and kisses added, is a wholesome and sufficient diet for man or woman, and especially for both together.

I say I like to cherish these beliefs, but the ugly question still arises, Are they beliefs?

Well, how is it with you yourself? Are you perfectly satisfied of the truth of any one of these suggestions, or rather, to throw aside hyperbole, are you perfectly satisfied that bread and kisses and kisses, with the man of your choice, is better than assured comfort for yourself and your family with the man whom you didn't choose, but who chose you? Mind you, my dear, I am not saying that I think it is or is not, for in very fact I do not know and never have quite made up my mind. As I say, I love to be cheated by sentiment, but the trouble is that there is a shrewd little demon of common sense lurking somewhere in my composition who is forever pulling my pretty sentimental beliefs to tatters and showing the hollowiness of their foundations. Sometimes, I am sure, I am able to convince myself that he is mistaken. Sometimes I can boldly silence him and shut him up in a closet. But in a general way I must confess that he has the best of the argument, and it is the sentiment that gets put in the closet. But putting in the closet is not death, you know, and both common sense and sentiment soon creep out again, and the never ending conflict is renewed. Probably my experience is also yours, and that of plenty of other persons, for I rather think it belongs to human nature in general, and thank heaven "there is a good deal of human nature in man—especially in the woman."

Riches or love—which will you have if you can't have both? Of course, to have both—that is, an unlimited amount of love and not too large an amount of money—is the ideal condition, but who possesses it or hopes for it?

Not too much money, I say, for the multimillionaire is so hampered and harassed and badgered and pursued and intrigued for money that he has neither time nor heart left for love, for Eros is a very exacting little deity and will not give the fullness of his gifts to any but those who give him their lives—that is to say, their lives for the time being.

No, a man who is too rich cannot be a good lover, for not only are his mind and time preoccupied, but before reaching maturity he has become imbued with the conviction that every man he meets is trying to cheat him and every woman intends to marry him either to herself or some of her family. This condition of mind is fatal to the mingled humility and courage essential to the true lover's character. A hare would not make a good guardian for a confiding but timid traveler, and if, as is often the case with hares, he was conceited as well as timid it is so much the worse.

The overrich woman is not likely to be a good lover either, because as a general thing she does not believe that every man she meets wants to marry her simply for her money. The natural vanity of the sex works to her destruction by suggesting that she herself is quite competent to inspire all the devotion and admiration professed by her adorers, and she nothing doubts that were she the beggar maid King Cophetua would woo her just as ardently as he does today. Well, perhaps he would, but my little demon of common sense suggests that more probably he would not, and in this case I feel inclined to agree with him.

sense, and not only does she believe that her own charms and merits evoke the attention she receives, but she has become so accustomed to having her own way, and fancying her own taste, and her own opinion, and her own prejudices to be the law of the world, that she is quite destitute of that grace of adaptability which is the chief virtue of the woman lover.

Men are not adaptable—and we do not want that they should be, since the principal attraction of their existence is strength. Women, to be sure, are just as strong in their own way, but it is quite a different way—the difference between the oak and the birch. When the tornado comes, the oak is snapped off at the root, but the birch prostrates herself in the dust—submitting utterly and abjectly—and when the storm has passed blithely resumes her upright attitude, shakes the raindrops from her tresses, prunes herself a little and is as good as new.

Probably the oak admires the birch very much and calls her a sweet little thing, trembling at every breeze, and therefore loving to shelter herself under the protection of his "heart of oak."

Well now, a woman born to millions doesn't grow up a birch at all; she doesn't want to be protected or sheltered, and she doesn't know enough to pretend that she does. She hasn't the strength of the oak, but she has all his arrogance; she hasn't the flexibility and adaptability of the birch, but she has her softness and slenderness of build. When the tempest comes and blows away the wall of gold which protects her while it lasts, her poor, little unyielding stem is very quickly snapped, and she falls a wreck.

So, after all, I am afraid we must concede that riches are inimical to love, that Plutus is the enemy rather than the ally of Eros, and that multimillionaires, men and women, are not likely to become ideal lovers.

Shall we, then, accept the opposing theory, that bread and kisses and kisses are enough for life, and that sensible, well instructed nineteenth-century men and women are justified in marrying on such a basis?

Since love does not thrive in palaces, is likely to be hale, hearty and long lived in the provincial cottage with roses around the window, birds on the boughs and nothing in the larder or coal cellar?

Well, no, Common sense declares he is not, and for once sentiment finds nothing to say even when the little demon sneeringly declares, "When Poverty comes in the door, Love flies out of the window," and the ideal cottage has broad casement windows set wide open so that he can leave without too much trouble.

The beginnings of poverty combined with love are by no means unendurable. The fond pair, in all the pride and glory of their proud contempt of fitting surroundings and all that sort of thing, take possession of their cottage in the city and country or their cheap flat in the city and bravely begin life. Phyllis is going to do the trifling little amount of housekeeping for herself, while Corydon pursues the avocation that is to provide the bread and cheese.

For a month or perhaps three or four the wheels of the domestic machine run upon velvet. Phyllis washes the cup and plate used by Corydon with a treacherous joy in thinking that it is both her privilege and her duty to do so, and he springs from his couch at peep of dawn to light the fire, fill the teakettle, bring in the coals—in fact, do everything that a man may do to help the angel who has deigned to assume human form and minister to him. Each vies with each in making things light and pleasant for the other, and little inconveniences are laughed to scorn or welcomed as opportunities to prove how well they can be borne for love's sweet sake.

Phyllis has her trousseau, which, however simple, is at least new and in perfect order, and probably Corydon has provided himself with a new outfit of linen and underwear; so there is no mending to do and no yearnings after a new dress or hat. But, not to dilate upon a process as inevitable as it is painful, this beatific condition comes to an end. He gets tired of building fires and fetching coals. He wants to sleep awhile in the morning and comes home at night too tired to perform the tasks set aside for him.

Worse than this, he is annoyed to find Phyllis too much worn and fretted with her daily routine to be good company. The little domestic details that used to interest him while they were novelties bore and disgust him, now that a querulous tone of complaint runs through them, and finally he snarls and snarls and says something impudent at hearing that the grate of the stove needs to be taken out, or that a great horrid rat has been seen in the cellar and he must get a trap and set it, or that the grocer's boy did not bring the eggs for breakfast, and will he go down and get them?

As for Phyllis, well, it is delightful to wash a plate and cup and knife and fork and spoon for the man you love, a hundred times, or five hundred if you love him very much, but when it comes to five thousand times and five times five thousand it does become monotonous to the fondest and truest heart that ever beat. Then besides the personal dishes of the beloved there is an array of prosaic disagreeable pots and pans, griddles and frying pans, not at all pleasant to handle for even the first three months and rapidly growing intolerable as the months roll on.

Then there is the inexorable routine of the daily duties of life hard enough to make attractive if you have no need of laboring personally in them, but liable to become a crushing burden if body as well as mind is compelled to always be in harness and at work. Then the clothes wear out and must be mended and altered and renewed, and if the poverty of our young couple is an absolute fact and not a pretty fancy the young wife has to add this labor to that of housekeeping.

She grows thin and haggard and fretful. She no longer puts flowers on the breakfast table, nor folds the napkins in fantastic forms. She no longer makes a pretty toilet to welcome her husband's return at night, and in fact she feels that she would hardly notice it if she did, for

his brow is apt to be clouded and his voice sullen as he says in one form or another, "We must manage to spend less money, and we must get on with our clothes and servant and all that you seem to require."

Then come the babies, and then—then comes the sad "repeating at leisure." It is not a cheerful picture, and we need not treat it in a pre-Raphaelite spirit, bringing out all its sordid features and details, but allow me to say to all whom it may concern that it is a picture from life coming under my own observation not once alone, but many times, and very likely to reproduce itself in the experience of any one who chooses to attempt "love in a cottage" on a very limited foundation.

Must we say, then, that poverty is also inimical to love; that the goddess Poverty, celebrated by George Sand as one of the most desirable of the Pantheon royal family, is as little likely to abide comfortably with Eros as is her brother Plutus?

Well, yes, I think so. In fact, were I compelled to choose, I should select the loveless wealthy marriage for the loveless poor marriage, for in the former case the ill-mated couple can retreat to the extreme limits of a very long chain, and all sorts of servants and middlemen and distractions come in between and enable the discordant couple to forget their discordance in a multitude of other interests.

Marriage without love is a very miserable condition, but far more miserable if, through poverty, the married pair are forced into constant companionship and the sight and sound of each other's worries and complaints.

Happiness lies in the middle region, says the old Latin poet thousands of years ago, and nothing has been said since to supersede his utterance. Nothing is so desirable in its extreme as in its just milieu, and most certainly this axiom applies to the substantial basis of married life.

Two persons of sympathetic tastes, temper, habits and aims, marrying upon an income sufficient to gratify those tastes and habits and to continue the pursuits they have enjoyed before marriage, stand a far better chance for a happy life than if they were enormously wealthy or extremely poor. Especially is this the case if the wife has a little money of her own, enough for her personal wants and to make little presents to her husband as well as to other friends. If she has nothing of her own, it is a safeguard to her future happiness for her friends to insist upon her future husband's making some small settlement upon her and her future children.

A man respects his wife a good deal more if he does not keep her petty purse and the wife loves the husband a good deal more if she does not have to ask for and account for every penny she expends.

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The Claims of Vespuicus.

If by the claims which he wrote or did he sought to claim the original discovery of the New World, the fact has not been proven, and Columbus certainly did not know of or suspect it. For we find him at Seville in 1492, after his return from his last voyage, broken, feeble and despondent, sending by Vespuicus a letter to his son Diego at the Spanish court, commending to him the bearer, whom he, the Admiral, had commissioned to plead his cause with the old king. The value of Vespuicus for this mission lay in the fact that he and himself had visited the Brazilian coast with Alonso de Ojeda in 1492 and could confirm Columbus's account of the richness of that country.

As to the final charge that Vespuicus in his letter claimed to have made a voyage in 1497 which he really did not make, the evidence seems to be against him, but at worst it only convicts him of an effort—out of all harmony with his otherwise upright life—to magnify his experience as a navigator, and thus secure new employment in that capacity from King Ferdinand, who was then inclined to treat him with neglect. This is perhaps begging the question, but the essential point in this connection is that not even this charge, if true, nor any other established fact, can fix upon Vespuicus the stigma of having sought to give his name to the realm that had been found by Columbus. The fact which actually happened resulted, by curious accident, from the fact that he had a penchant for writing, which the more sedate and preoccupied Columbus had not. From "The Baptismal Font of America," by Frank H. Mason, in Harper's Magazine for October.

Dentistry Dates from the First Century. The practice of dentistry is of great antiquity, for as early as 500 B. C., gold was used for stopping teeth and gold wire was employed to hold artificial teeth in position, and it does not seem to have been a new art. Herodotus declares that the Egyptians had a knowledge of the diseases of the teeth and their treatment. In the writings of Martial (first century) a man is mentioned as either stopping or extracting teeth. The date of the introduction of artificial teeth into England or Europe is uncertain. They came to America from England, but just when it is difficult to determine. "The Mathematical Jewel," published 1585, contains an account of Sir John Blagden, "who caused all his teeth to be drawn out, and after had a set of ivory teeth in agayne."

Length of Beards.

If a youth began to shave at the age of 17 years and continued to do so until he was 70 he would, assuming that his hair maintained the average rate of growth, have removed a length of nine miles. But had the hair been allowed to grow the result would have been different, to what might be inferred. The growth from the roots would have continued, but on reaching a length of between eighteen and twenty-four inches the hair would have become brittle, have split and broken. The greatest length of beard used in our climate seldom exceeds two feet. In the tropics, however, to the moist state of the skin, the beard grows much more rapidly and preserves its softness in cold or temperate climates. The east flowing beards from three to four feet in length are not unusual.

MELANGE.

It is a custom in the Russian royal family to apprentice every prince to some trade.

A tunnel under the Thames was proposed in 1799; the first tunnel was finished in 1843.

A piece of ancient wooden water pipe, which was unearthed recently in New Britain, Conn., is claimed to have been nearly two centuries old.

Paris has 87,655 trees in its streets and each tree represents a cost to the city of 47. This makes, in round numbers, \$800,000 worth of trees in the streets.

The first coins, as the term is now understood, were made by clipping the edges of a piece of gold until it was nearly round and then stamping it with a punch and hammer.

Eyeglasses are worn by fifty-four members of Yale's senior class, twenty-five of whom have been forced to adopt them, since entering college. Their favorite glass, the seniors in their annual class book admit, is the beer glass.

A Frenchman declares that vegetation can be aided by electricity. Potatoes planted in the path of the electric current grow enormously, and electrified tomatoes become ripe eight days before the others.

The fire losses of the United States and Canada in August were \$15,322,700, against \$10,145,300 in 1892 making \$11,372,000 since Jan. 1, against \$87,172,550 last year.

The young Duchess of York, who may some day be Queen of Great Britain, is very benevolent, as is shown by the following incident: "In a small village near White Lodge was a little crippled boy dying of consumption. Again and again Princess May, as she was called before her marriage, would either drive or walk to see the sick boy, and sitting down beside the little sufferer, she would read or talk to him. The last time she visited him was on her way to church, when she knew the end of life for the child was near. On leaving him she bent down, with tears in her eyes and tenderly kissed him."

Chamber Decorations.

Old-fashioned dressing-tables are so useful that no one can afford to entirely dispense with them. An old packing-case makes an excellent foundation for one. A large box about 2 ft. wide and 4 ft. high is exactly the thing required. The case should be laid upon its side and two shelves placed inside of it. These shelves will be found a most convenient place in which to put boots and shoes, or a handy spot to tuck away the large pillows and counterpane that adorn the bed during the day and take the chairs at night, which are most necessary to the occupant of the room. The top and sides of the box must first be covered with Turkish red, or its companion, Turkish blue, first laying across what is intended for the table side of the box at least one thickness of very heavy cotton flannel. The muslin should be nailed over the cotton flannel, and also tacked neatly to the sides. A broom handle may now be nailed to the back of the box, upon the top of which should have been previously nailed part towards the front of the table and a little over to the straight side towards the back. This piece of board must now be covered with colored muslin, like the table, and a strip of the muslin three inches wide must be neatly rolled around the "stick," so as to cover it entirely.

The looking-glass for the table should be prepared by covering the frame with layers of cotton flannel. It is well to remove the glass from the frame while covering it, as it is then less liable to be broken. But if it is not desirable, the edge of the material can be pushed between the glass and the frame with a pair of scissors, although the latter is not as satisfactory a way of covering the frame.

The drapery of the table should match the furniture covering in the room, for which it is intended. Muslin makes a very pretty

drapery and requires no lining. Instead of looping the curtains back from the glass with loops and bows of ribbon, small gilt chains, such as are used to drape window curtains, can replace these with good effect. The curtains which cover the lower part of the box should be made to divide in the middle, so that they are usually pushed back, and the shelves can be used without crumpling the material. Coarse lace should be used to trim the edges of the curtains and make a deep fall around the table. For this purpose nothing is so effective as a crocheted lace. This, if made in the real Scotch ball linen crocheted thread, makes a most beautiful, strong and appropriate trimming for all furniture which requires such decorations. The pin-cushion should be covered to match or harmonize with the drapery.

The advantage of this dressing table is that it can be taken to pieces in a few moments, the curtains rolled around the glass, which can be placed on one of the shelves inside of the box; other articles can be packed about it, and it can be transported by rail or boat to its destination, while a few nails will restore the covers, etc., to their former places.

Language of Ants.

It is no longer necessary to prove the existence of language among insects. What is now of interest is to find out, if we can, the extent and limits of their language, and the ideas and inferences to which it gives rise. It is still a question, however, in what way communication is opened and kept up. Is it by rubbing the antennae together, the movements of the thorax, the color of the body, or by means of a sounding apparatus resembling that of the wasp, by means of which faint sounds are uttered, or by means of ants are produced. This remains to be proved.

How is it that these small creatures can venture far from the nest, distances that are relatively enormous, and never hesitate about the road to take when they wish to retrace their steps? Learned men who have studied the matter attribute the power to the formic acid given out by the insect as it travels, so that it finds its way in exactly the same way that a fox or a dog does.

"One day," says M. Levallois, "I followed an ant for a long time. She was far from the ant-hill, and seemed to have no intention of soon returning."

"In the middle of the path she came upon the body of a good-sized snail. She first walked all around it, then climbed upon the ugly creature back crawling all over it, and after this thorough examination, instead of going on, immediately returned to the nest."

"When half way home she met one of her companions. In an instant they had touched or rubbed antennae with great animation, and she was pursuing her course. The same performance took place when she met a second and a third, and as soon as she had left them they quickly turned towards the spot where the snail lay."

"The first ant soon entered the nest, and I lost sight of her; but doubtless she continued her work of informing and exciting the rest, for a long line of ants immediately came out and set forth for the prey. Ten minutes afterward the snail was entirely covered with the yellow swarm, and by evening not a trace of it remained."

The Cows Try to Hear From.

The American Dairyman says: "The cows should not be eating while being milked, but stand with eyes closed, chewing their cud and thinking of nothing but letting the milk come full head."

Farm Notes.

The man that claims sheep will do

sheep his pasture has been starving his

stock until they eat the grass clear into

the ground.

All calcareous soils are naturally fer-

tile and durable in a very high degree,

and all soils naturally poor are entirely

destitute of calcareous earth.

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Cream Baking
Powder.
Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard

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Root Pills.
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To save Doctors' Bills use
Dr. Morse's Indian Root Pills.
THE BEST FAMILY PILL IN USE
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Keep the Works in good order
W. H. COMSTOCK, BROOKLYN, N. Y.
Dear Sir—Your Dr. Morse's Indian Root Pills are the best I have ever used. I have been a sufferer from indigestion for many years, and have tried many remedies, but have not found any relief. I have been cured by your pills, and I feel that I can now eat and sleep as well as I have for many years. I am very grateful to you for the cure, and I will be glad to recommend your pills to all who are suffering from indigestion. Yours truly, W. H. COMSTOCK.

The Recognized Standard BRANDS

"Mungo,"
"Kicker,"
"Cable."

Universally acknowledged to be superior in every respect to any other brands in the market. Always reliable, as has been fully demonstrated by the millions that are sold annually and the increasing demand for them, notwithstanding an increased competition of over one hundred and twenty-five factories. This fact speaks volumes. We are the cheap cigar manufacturers.

S. Davis & Sons,

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largest and Highest Grade Cigar Manufacturers in Canada. Have You Tried The

"CABLE EXTRA" CIGAR?

THE MAIL has the Largest circulation of any Newspaper in Brandon. Our Books are open for inspection to our Advertisers. Circulation over 1600.

BRANDON MAIL.

THURSDAY, SEPT. 28th, 1893.

TAXATION.

As we have frequently said before, we believe it is now high time the Local Opposition fully unfolded a policy to support that of the Greenway Government, to submit to the electors at the next general election, and a change in the assessment laws should be one of their foremost planks.

As the law stands now the rich are oppressing the poor. In other words a man is not assessed for what he is worth but for what the assessor sees in his hands whether he is worth it or not. To a large extent the country would prosper if the Henry George system was adopted—if only lands and not improvements thereon were assessed. If in a Municipality, for instance, lands were valued according to quality and location, and assessed in localities, quality considered, regardless of improvements, a change for the better would set in at once. Speculators, for instance, knowing, as the law stands, improvements are taxed, refuse to improve until the improvements on the neighboring lots bring theirs into value. If they knew they would be assessed high with improvements, and no higher with them, they would at once set to work to improve and in that way advance the standing of the Municipality and contribute more to the Municipal funds. At the same time mortgage companies ought to be assessed and pay taxes on their mortgages in to the Municipal Treasurer, the mortgages being assessed for the balance of the value of the lands only. In that way lands would pay the bulk of the taxes, speculators would be compelled to either improve or sell, and mortgaged settlers would only be taxed for their actual interest in the properties.

Again in the taxation of chattels substantial reforms ought to be made. A man with a stock of merchandise valued at \$10,000 is supposed to be assessed at \$10,000 even though he had not paid \$1.00 on the purchase and was not worth a cent piece. This certainly is radically wrong. The system in the mean time, winks at inconsistencies and favoritism. Take our banks for instance—they may do as much business as they will and even as much for their shareholders as possible, and as a business concern they pay no taxes. As a rule they get all their money at about 4%, and declare dividends of 8% a year, that is they earn a net profit of 8% for shareholders, and these shareholders pay no taxes into the Municipality, in which the profits are made, while the dry goods man, the grocer and the clothier even though hard times, are running business profitless and even at a loss must pay taxes on a stock that is running him behind. The bank's cash is much a stock in trade as the dry goods man's dry goods and should be regarded as such by the tax

gatherer. Some will say tax the bank's business, and it will advance its rate. We believe competition will regulate all that, but even if it did advance its rate it would only be to those who borrowed, and their taxes in turn would be reduced equal to the increase in bank interest, and the great majority of rate payers—the poor people as a whole, who do no bank business would derive the benefits. Mr. Adams, the newly elected member for Brandon professes to be the poor man's friend, and it remains to be seen whether or not in the house he will take up the poor man's interest in this important matter. We contend the Opposition should embody this taxation reform in their next platform in such a way as to tax the landed speculator and the large corporations that are making money, to the relief of the poorer dealer, and the general working man of the country. We would like to hear from our friends throughout the country on this very important matter.

TARIFF REFORM.

There is a report in circulation to the effect that it is the intention of the Federal government to call the House together at an early day, before the holidays, for a short session, arrange the voters lists, and hold a general election in the early spring. For the benefit of all, we trust there is no truth in it. The whole country has been led to expect a reduction in the tariff in the interest of the agriculturists, and we sincerely hope this reduction will be made the next session, before an appeal to the people is made. In short without this reduction, it is useless for the present government to attempt to carry the country. We are aware there are some mushroom conservatives, men who have been in the country a year or two, and who have voted once or twice who will access the MAIL of being a grit print for such an utterance; but this paper before now has warned Conservatives of the danger, and we hesitate not to warn them again. Our chief anxiety is to see the country properly treated by the Conservative party, but in any event properly treated. There is a class of trading journals that never look for what is best for their party and never say it if they know, contenting themselves with clapping their leaders on the back, no matter how sharp the curves may be to do it. We despise journalism of that class. Members of parliament are at best men, and even Cabinet ministers are but human beings who may not know everything. It is just possible others may know something, and if they do, in the interest of the party and the country there can be no harm in telling it.

The drift of public opinion as voiced by the skirmishing efforts of the Conservative press of the other provinces, is decidedly in favor of tariff reductions in the interest of the agricultural classes, and without that reduction an appeal will result in disaster. It is true the policy or rather the representations of a policy of the grit party is as faulty and as defective as ever, but the government cannot safely lay stress on that. The public pulse is at unrest, and will show itself in some other direction, if the anticipated reductions are not made and that at once! This, at least, is how we look at the question.

MASSEY-HARRIS TO THE RESCUE.

To be prepared or rather to prepare the Hon. Mr. Foster for his visit to the farmers of this country on the 9th of Oct., the Massey-Harris Co. have sent the Hon. Gentleman a long document in refutation of the memorial given up by the farmers of this province. We have not time to go into the document in detail in this issue, so we content ourselves with one or two features of it. In the first place, they say the Denning is not sold for \$125 cash in Dakota, and if it was "it is no comparison to the wide open binder (their make) which is worth more than the difference in price." We repeat that price lists are no guide—one straight offer and sale is worth more than a dozen price lists. Dealers everywhere buy the Deering from the makers at \$87 and even less so they can be laid down anywhere in the American or Canadian Northwest, where not prevented by duties at less than \$100, and in all conscience 25% profit on a cash sale is sufficient. Besides this there will be farmers present at Mr. Foster's meeting to prove they could have Deerings laid down in Brandon for less than \$125 if there were no duties. Next as to the Massey-Harris statement of the inferiority of American machines. Do these people think Manitoba farmers are all fools? For what did they pay the \$22,658 duties on binders last year, the machines costing them laid down more than the Massey binder, if they got but inferior articles! The customs return year by year shows the Manitoba importation of binders is yearly on the increase, in excess altogether of the rate of increase in population, and if it is not because our farmers get a machine they prefer to the Toronto make, then we want to know

what else the importation is for! Perhaps Messrs. Massey and Harris can give another explanation for it.

If the report be true that the government has given the appointment of Lieut. Governor of Manitoba to Mr. W. B. Scarth it has done itself a credit the country will have reason to be proud of. Against Mr. Ross, his principal rival for the word to say, and but for the superior claims of Mr. Scarth but few would have objected to R's appointment. On the principle of "the victors belong the spoils", that governments invariably recognise party services there was no getting over Mr. Scarth's claims in decency. He has always been a consistent party man, though never a bitter partisan and has ever been a liberal contributor whenever calls were made upon him. Apart from all this he has the personal qualities that will pre-eminently fit him for the honorable position. He is agreeable, pleasant, competent and capable. We congratulate Mr. Scarth upon his promotion to this responsible position. As for Mr. Ross he has as yet scarcely earned the spurs. Ten years ago he was a grit in the Local House, and what he might be now if the grit government had remained in power at Ottawa, we are not in a position to say. Personally he is fit for the office, and it is not without the range of possibilities that he may yet receive it, after a longer service in the Legislatures of the country.

Brother Hall, of the Brandon Times, is after the English Lords for throwing out Gladstone's Home Rule Bill, and now the Lords are running helter skelter all over creation for shelter like a flock of chickens when chased by a ponderous hen hawk. Those of the Lords who survive this ordeal will be much more careful as to how they vote on any measure in the future.

Toronto, Sept. 21.—Goldwin Smith has written a letter to the St. George's society in which he says: "I am shortly leaving for England, and before my departure think it best formally to retire from my life membership of St. George's society. In March political enemies, who have long been assailing my character in other ways took advantage, during my absence from the country to attempt to inflict upon me the social brand of expulsion. This I felt bound, in the interests of the society at large and charitable institutions as well as that of my own character, to resist. Had I been approached differently there would have been no difficulty in obtaining my resignation. As the attack has not been renewed I shall be able to no misconstruction in giving effect to my original intention."

WASHINGTON, SEPT. 20.—The following dispatch from M. E. Wyman, agent at the Crow Indian agency, Montana, was received at the interior department this afternoon: "While our gathering children for school and near Wet's place, Prior Creek, yesterday, four of my Indian police were about a quarter of a mile ahead of me. They saw two white men with saddles horses and a pack horse. They started to run when seen. The police followed them, when the men ambushed. I drove up near the ambush when both came out and began firing upon us with Winchester. One ball passed through the breast of my coat; another struck the policeman, House Bird, in the stomach killing him. The other three policemen then opened fire on them with revolvers, killing both instantly."

LONDON, SEPT. 20.—Mr. Herbert Asquith, the home secretary took occasion in the House of Commons today to severely criticise the attitude of Messrs. Woods, Packard and Harris, the labor members of the house. Mr. Asquith referred in strong terms of disapproval to the advice given by the gentlemen referred to to the striking coal miners. This advice he declared, was lacking the strikers' safety on the functions of the government in supporting riots. He urged that good sense and moderation should be exercised on all sides to end the strike. Mr. Asquith announced that a special commission would be appointed to inquire into the death of rioters, who had been killed in conflicts with the troops and otherwise.

LONDON, SEPT. 20.—A fire which caused the loss of five lives occurred here this morning. The flames were discovered at 6 o'clock in a poultry shop on High street, Whitechapel, owned by a man named Herman. The latter was aroused by the smoke, and rushed up stairs to wake other occupants who were asleep in the room above. The latter included the housekeeper, her daughter and two girls who were employed as saleswomen in the shop. The whole party was caught in the flames and perished, their horribly charred bodies being taken from the ruins this afternoon.

COLLINGSWOOD, ONT., SEPT. 20.—News has reached here that a skiff which left here last evening for Nottawasaga river with eight persons on board, namely: Walter Morris, owner of the boat, and his father Alfred, Woods' wife and mother, William Derby, James Derby, son of the former, and a lad named Barrell has been upset. The boat was struck by a squall and overturned a few hours after leaving here. All but Wm. Derby and the lad Barrell were drowned. The survivors reached shore in an exhausted condition.

Post Office NOTICE.

OFFICE HOURS: This Office is open Daily, Sunday's excepted, from 8 a.m. until 7 p.m., and for box holders from 8 30 a.m. to 9 15 p.m.

MAILS FOR DESPATCH ARE CLOSED AT THIS OFFICE AS FOLLOWS: For the east, daily at 6 p.m. local, daily, except Sun. at 7 p.m. we, daily, at 10 45 a.m. local, daily, except Sun. at 7 p.m. For Rapid City, daily except Sun. at 12 45 p.m. For Souris Branch, Mon. & Wed. & Fri. at 12 45 p.m. For N. R. branch, Tue. & Sat. at 7 a.m. Hayfield, Tue. & Fri. at 7 a.m. For West. Fri. at 12 30 p.m.

MAILS ARRIVING AT THIS OFFICE ARE AS FOLLOWS: From the east, daily, at 11 a.m. local, daily, except Sun. at 8 40 p.m. west, daily, at 6 25 a.m. local, daily, except Sun. at 7 30 a.m. From Rapid City, daily except Sun. at 10 30 a.m. Souris branch, Tue. & Sat. at 12 20 p.m. N. R. branch, Mon. & Wed. & Fri. at 8 20 p.m. Hayfield, Tue. & Fri. at 6 20 p.m. For West. Fri. at 10 30 a.m.

Money order office from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m. Letters for registration must be posted half an hour previous to the time for closing mails.

Post Office at Brandon, 1st June, 1893. J. C. KAVANAGH, Postmaster

WE CLAIM

We can give you the best value in Brandon in our Lines of Groceries & Crockery.

We have the largest Stock in Manitoba, and can give the highest Market prices for Butter, Eggs, Potatoes or anything you have to sell.

COME AND SEE US

The Whitelaw Trading Co.

JAS. ROBERTSON & CO.

is the House for

Sporting Goods!

Guns of all the leading makes including those of the celebrated PIEPER ARMS CO.

These guns are noted for their excellent shooting qualities. Ammunition of all kinds kept in stock at the lowest prices. We also carry a full stock of General Hardware, Stoves, Paints, Oils, &c.

Call and inspect our stock before purchasing elsewhere.

JAS. ROBERTSON & CO.

Rosser Ave., - Cor. 7th street.

TENDERS.

SEPARATE tenders will be received at a rate on the tender by the undersigned up to October 10th, 1893, at 2 p.m. for the stock in trade and book debts of W. B. Drow & Son, of Brandon, N. W. T., consisting of the following: Hardware, paints, oils &c. \$72 43 Fixtures 24 39 Book debts \$60 43 Total \$157 15 Stock can be seen on the premises, and stock sheet at the office of the undersigned, C. BRADFELD, Assn. Sec., Melita, Man.

BEAUBIER HOUSE

RE-OPENED.

The Beaubier House, opposite the City Hall, is now opened for business.

The house has been newly furnished and carpeted throughout, and is replete with the most modern improvements.

The best of stabling in connection, farmers and others desiring the best of accommodation will do well to patronize us.

Payne & Co., Proprietors.

STRAYED.

From Burchill & Howey's Slaughter House, seven beef cattle, marked H on the right hip. Any person giving information or returning them will be suitably rewarded.

BURCHILL & HOWEY, Butchers.

PIANO FOR SALE

One of the best in the city. Price and terms of payment moderate, address E. F. Mail Office.

WE

AIM TO IMPROVE!

AND

CABLE EXTRA

will be found to be exceptionally fine, and we respectfully suggest that smokers give this brand a trial, when our statement will be fully verified as to quality.

S. DAVIS & SONS

WILSON MILLIGAN
GENEAL BLACKSMITHS

Horseshoeing a Specialty

BEST IN THE CITY.

All kinds of Repairing Done. New Brick Shop opposite the City Hall.

HOUSE TO LET.

In Dr. Spencer's terrace, 18th street. Houses warm and comfortable. Terms moderate.

Apply—DR. SPENCER, 10th street.

Calves Stayed.

Nine young calves from the premises of the undersigned 24-9-19. When last seen they were on the Plum Creek trail. A reward for information leading to their recovery

S. C. DORAN
P. O. Box, 404,
Brandon

BOWER & COMPANY

8th St. and Rosser.

BARGAINS For Four Weeks.

We intend to turn our stock into cash in that time, so those visiting our Store will reap the benefit.

Sweeping Reductions Made on all

DRESS GOODS 50c. dress goods at 35cts. 75c. dress goods at 50cts. 25c. dress goods at 17cts.

25c. Challies at 18cts. 35c. " 25cts. 15c. Prints at 10cts.

All Cotton Gloves, Hosiery, and Summer Goods at cost, and less in many cases.

IN BOOTS & SHOES

We cut the price in half, stock getting low, as prices they are offered at cannot hold them.

CLOTHING

1-3 per cent off, which Mens' \$12.00 Suits will go for \$10.90.

Heavy All-Wool Underwear at 1.50 Suit.

This Sale is for cash only

Our Grocery Stock is complete and sold at bottom prices. Received to-day, New Salmon, New Teas, Coffees, and Spices

Try a package of

TAMILKANDI TEA. It will please you.

Glass Sealers, qts. \$1.75 doz.

The Freshest Butter and Eggs always on hand. Give us a call.

B
O
W
E
R

& CO

Cor. 8 St., Rosser Ave.

Produce Taken.

MARKETS.

Little wheat offering yet. The sample offered and in splendid condition. The price ranges from 48 to 50 cts per bushel. Oats bring 25 to 26 cts. No barley on market. The Elevators take in about 5,000 bushels of all kinds of cereals daily. The prices paid in the city to farmers at present are as follows:—

Wheat, No. 1	48 to 50
Do, No. 2	25 to 26
Barley, No. 1	20 to 25
Do, No. 2	18 to 20
Oats, No. 1	25 to 26
Do, No. 2	24 to 25
Hay, per ton	\$6.00 to \$7.00
Straw, per ton	10 cts.
Butter, per lb.	12 to 13
Eggs, per doz.	13 to 17
Chicken, per lb.	20 to 25
Duck, per lb.	2 to 2 1/2
Mutton, per lb.	4 1/2 to 5
Pork, per lb.	4 1/2 to 5

Camperdown Disabled.

London, Sept. 25.—A dispatch to London from Malta says that the British hospital ship, "Camperdown," ran aground on the rocky shore while leaving port for England. The "Camperdown" will be remembered for the monster ironclad which, off the coast of Syria, ran into and sank the British Mediterranean squadron flagship "HMS Victoria," causing the loss of hundreds of lives, including that of Vice Admiral Sir George Tryon. Today's accident was due to the breaking down of the steam engine.

BUFFALO, Sept. 25.—John Leys, ex-M.P.P., is making a small town near Buffalo. He said to a reporter: "I have lost every cent of the fortune I once had, and now a penny remains. Nearly all my losses were incurred through speculation, though some minor reverses were brought about by errors of judgment and unwise endeavors. I had the greatest confidence in my own real estate and strengthened my investments by heavy drafts upon the funds in my possession. Here I would have been ruined in fortune and life. I would be kinder to Providence had been allowed to die years ago before I thought disgrace on my name."

CHICAGO, Pa., Sept. 25.—While August Rose, a French Canadian miner and his wife, were returning home from a visit to their home, last evening they were stopped by a party of French Canadian miners and shot dead. Noel Rose was captured but August Rose was not. There are two societies among the miners, one open and avowed anarchist, and the other having to do with anti-French sentiment. In some way Mrs. Rose became acquainted with the leader of the anarchist movement and the doctor of the anarchist movement. It is said this society had a plan to blow up the Canadian Government buildings. Constable McLaughlin was shot for the stomach. He said the leader of the direct outcome of the killing of a Frenchman about a year ago. Mrs. Rose learned the secrets of the anarchists and gave away the information that August and Rose were going to Canada on Monday. They had plans to live out of their own government buildings. But now we are told to say that the French Canadian miners have left the city and from now Mrs. Rose is a widow.

Fall Fairs.

Montreal, October 5th.
Quebec, October 10th.
Ottawa, October 10th.
Toronto, October 10th.
Hamilton, October 10th.
Windsor, October 10th.
London, October 10th.
Burlington, October 10th.
Kitchener, October 10th.
Guelph, October 10th.
Brantford, October 10th.
Shelburne, October 10th.
St. Catharines, October 10th.
Niagara Falls, October 10th.
Buffalo, October 10th.

DIED.

Wm. M. Hamilton, on Saturday, Sept. 25, 1893, at his late residence, of the City of Montreal, Ontario, the son of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. M. Hamilton, of the City of Montreal, Ontario.

OF MEN

Weakness, Nervousness, Debility, and all the ills of the body can be cured by the use of Dr. Hall's Specific. It is a powerful tonic and restorative, and will cure all the ills of the body, and give you a new lease of life. It is a powerful tonic and restorative, and will cure all the ills of the body, and give you a new lease of life.

OUR JOB PRINTING

DEPARTMENT.

Is one of the best equipped in Western Manitoba.

Don't forget the place, in Daly & Coldwell's New Block.

"PROCLAMATION."

WE HAVE THE RIGHT GOODS AT RIGHT PRICES.

Which we are desirous of turning into money and invite your inspection.

In dress goods, suitable for the season.

Challies in wools and other makes.

Lawn in plain and printed also some French materials for the warm weather.

Our Blouses in Cambric, Cloth and Muslin goods have been a decided success. A few still on hand to be sold at prices that defy competition.

Our staple department has been kept complete.

In white cottons, grey cottons, Tickings, Sheetings, Pillow Cottons, Flannellettes and Linen Goods, etc.

In The Gents Department.

Our stock of ready made clothing and overcoats contain the newest styles in materials and makes.

Call and examine our worsted suits, that can be sold at two thirds the price of ordered goods.

GENTS' FURNISHINGS.

Hats, straw and felt, caps of a variety of materials, suitable for Lacrosse, Lawn Tennis and Base Ball clubs. Shirts in a variety of materials and prices.

Underwear in Gauze Balbriggan, wool and other makes. Ties in an endless variety. Collars of the latest styles. Socks in Cotton, natural color fancy and black Cashmere, wool silk and other makes.

All goods are offered at greatly reduced prices to meet the times. This is no cheap advertisement but will be carried out to the letter. Give us a call and get prices.

PAISLEY & MORTON.

NOTICE.

This notifies the public that I have purchased the tinware and stove business lately carried on by E. R. Story, including all the book accounts. Settlement of all accounts must be made without delay. In the tinware and stove departments new additions have been made to meet all demands at the lowest prices.

W. MILLER

DR. HALL'S SPECIFIC.

O. INFALLIBLE CURE O.

For Weak Nervous Men.

It restores lost power, or NEURALGIC, develops and strengthens WEAK PARTS, cures NATURE DECAY and regulates the entire FUNCTIONS of the PROGRESSIVE ORGANS, BLADDERS and KIDNEYS.

It cures thousands, and we guarantee it to cure you.

CONTAIN MINERALS

Price \$1.00

For sale at your druggists, or by mail sealed.

Consultation and advice free.

Prepared only by

BRANDE MEDICINE CO.,

14 West 23rd St., New York.

THE GREAT SOUTH AMERICAN

NERVINE TONIC

AND STOMACH AND LIVER CURE

The Wonderful HEALTH BUILDER & NERVE FOOD
Chronic Diseases are caused by Deranged Nerve Centres
at base of the Brain.



LATE discoveries have absolutely proven that the Stomach, Liver, Lungs, and indeed all internal organs, are controlled by the nerve centres at the base of the brain. The manufacturer of SOUTH AMERICAN NERVINE has studied this subject closely for more than twenty-five years, and has lately demonstrated that two-thirds of our Chronic Diseases, are due to the imperfect action of nerve centres, either within or at the base of the brain and not from a derangement of the organs themselves; hence that the ordinary methods of treatment are wrong.

As all know, a serious injury to the spinal cord, will at once cause Paralysis of the body below the injured part, it therefore will be equally well understood, how the derangements of the nerve centres, will cause the derangement of the different organs of the body which they supply with Nerve Fluid or Nerve Force.

The wonderful success of SOUTH AMERICAN NERVINE is due alone to the fact that it is based on the foregoing principle. The use of a single bottle of this remedy will convince the most incredulous. It is indeed, a veritable Nerve Food and Will Relieve in One Day the varied forms of Nervous Disease and Stomach Troubles.

Nervous Diseases.

This class of diseases, is rapidly increasing each year, on account of the great wear our mode of living and labor imposes upon the nervous system. Nine-tenths of all the ailments to which the human family is heir, are dependent upon nervous exhaustion, impaired digestion, and a deteriorated and impoverished condition of the blood. The SOUTH AMERICAN NERVINE is a great nerve food and nerve builder and this accounts for its marvellous power to cure the varied forms of nervous disease, such as Neuralgia, Nervousness, Nervous Prostration, St. Vitus's Dance, Nervous Choking, Nervous Paroxysms, Twitching of the Muscles, Hot Flashes, Mental Despondency, Forgetfulness, Sleeplessness, Restlessness, Nervousness of Females, Palpitation of the Heart, Sexual Weakness, etc., etc.

In Bed Six Years

HARTFORD CITY, Blackford Co., Indiana, June 8, '93.
SOUTH AMERICAN NERVINE COMPANY.
GENTLEMEN: I received a letter from you May 27, stating that you had heard of my wonderful recovery from a spell of sickness of six years duration, through the use of SOUTH AMERICAN NERVINE, and asking for my testimonial. I will gladly state how I was afflicted and how I was delivered from my pain and suffering. I was near thirty-five years of age, when I took down with nervous prostration. Our family physician treated me, but without benefiting me in the least. My nervous system seemed to be entirely shattered, and I constantly had very severe shaking spells. In addition to this I would have vomiting spells, and there would be from eighteen to twenty days at a time that I could not retain anything on my stomach. Many consultations were held by physicians on my case, as they all agreed that I would never leave my bed. During the years I lay sick, my wife had an eminent physician from Dayton, Ohio, and two from Columbus, Ohio, to come and examine me. They all said I could not live. I got to having spells of spasms, and would lie cold and stiff for a time after each. At last I lost the use of my body—could not rise from my bed or walk a step, and had to be lifted like a child all the time suffering intense pain, and taking almost every known medicine. Part of the time I could read a little, and one day saw an advertisement of your medicine and concluded to try one bottle. By the time I had taken one and one-half bottles I could rise up and take a step or two by being helped, and after I had taken five bottles in all I felt well. The shaking went away gradually, and I could eat and sleep good, and my friends could scarcely believe it was I. I am sure this medicine is the best in the world. It was a god-sent to me, and I believe it saved my life. I give my name and address, so that if anyone doubts my statement they can write me, or our postmaster or any citizen, as all are acquainted with my case. I am now forty-one years of age, and expect to live as long as the Lord has use for me and do all the good I can in helping the suffering.

MISS ELLEN STOLTZ.

Will a remedy which can effect such a marvellous cure as the above, cure you?

A MINISTER OF THE GOSPEL SPEAKS.

TO THE PROPRIETOR OF SOUTH AMERICAN NERVINE.

DEAR SIR,—I have much pleasure in recommending the GREAT SOUTH AMERICAN NERVINE to all who are afflicted as I have been, with nervous prostration and indigestion. I found very great relief from the very first bottle, which was strongly recommended to me by my friends. I also induced my wife to use it, who, I must say, was completely run down and was suffering very much from general debility. She found great relief from SOUTH AMERICAN NERVINE, and also cheerfully recommends it to her fellow sufferers.

(My Signature), Rev W. S. Barker

GOOD LUCK

With the slippers thrown after a devoted build couple, but it makes no difference whether you're just married or not married at all, there's good luck for you, not only in our slippers, but in every purchase of footwear you make at our store. You're in good luck when you get a really good shoe at a lower price. That's what you get from us in every instance. Our footwear is of the good Luck brand, and is in high favor with lucky buyers. It's like a stroke of good luck to get such shoes as we are offering. So, if you are looking for a good pair of shoes, come to our store for this week, to make sure for your winter purchases. Seize your chance to buy at a low price.

Sick Headache.

Independent on deranged nerve centres and indigestion. Hence its cure must come through building up the Nervous System and curing the Stomach. SOUTH AMERICAN NERVINE will absolutely cure this dreaded malady and prevent its return.

A SWORN CURE FOR ST. VITUS'S DANCE.

My daughter, twelve years old, had been afflicted for several months with St. Vitus's Dance. She was unable to walk, could not talk, could not swallow anything but milk; I had to handle her like an infant. Doctors and neighbors gave her up. I commenced giving her the SOUTH AMERICAN NERVINE Tonic, and the effects were very surprising. In three days she was rid of the nervousness, and rapidly improved. Four bottles cured her completely. I think the SOUTH AMERICAN NERVINE the greatest remedy ever discovered, and would recommend it to everyone.

MRS. W. T. ELLIOTT.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this May 19, 1893.

CHAS. M. TRAVIS, Notary Public.

A WONDERFUL CURE FOR

INDIGESTION and DYSPEPSIA.

Loss of Appetite, Weight and Tenderness in the Stomach, Sour Stomach, Pain in the Stomach, Wind upon the Stomach, Nausea and Sick Stomach, Sick Headache, Hiccough, Water-Brash, Heartburn, Vertigo and Dizziness, Sleeplessness, Frightful Dreams, etc.

The Stomach suffers more than any of the other organs from disease, because into it are taken so many indigestible and irritating substances as articles of food. In its great effort to digest these, it soon becomes weakened and diseased. Under such circumstances, it is not wonderful, that so many complain of indigestion and weak stomachs. When the Stomach fails to digest and assimilate the food, the whole body falls into a state of weakness and decay. For Nature has decreed that the body must constantly receive nutriment through the Stomach, to repair the waste of tissue constantly going on in the system.

The South American Nervine

Is probably the greatest remedy ever discovered for the cure of all Chronic Stomach troubles, because it acts through the nerve centres. It gives marked relief in one day, and very soon effects a permanent cure. The first bottle will convince anyone that a cure is certain.

WHAT EX-MEMBER OF PARLIAMENT, REUBEN E. TRUAX, SAYS.

I have been for about ten years very much troubled with indigestion and dyspepsia, have tried a great many different kinds of patent medicines, and have been treated by a number of physicians and found no benefit from them. I was recommended to try SOUTH AMERICAN NERVINE. I obtained a bottle, and I must say I have found very great relief, and have since taken two more bottles, and now feel that I am entirely free from indigestion, and would strongly recommend all my fellow sufferers from the disease, to give SOUTH AMERICAN NERVINE an immediate trial.

It will cure you.

July 16th, 1893.

(My Signature) Reuben E. Truax

Walkerton, Ontario.

Price, One D.

FOR SALE BY

N. J. HALPIN Druggist

Brandon, - Manitoba.

WISCONSIN CENTRAL LINES.

(Northern Pacific R.R. Co., Lessee.)

LATEST TIME CARD.

Two Through Trains Daily.

Train	From	To	Time
12:00pm	Chicago	St. Paul	4:15pm
1:00pm	St. Paul	Chicago	4:30pm
1:00pm	Chicago	St. Paul	4:30pm
1:00pm	St. Paul	Chicago	4:30pm
1:00pm	Chicago	St. Paul	4:30pm
1:00pm	St. Paul	Chicago	4:30pm

Tickets sold and baggage checked through to all points in the United States and Canada. Close connection made in Chicago with all trains going East and South. For full information apply to your nearest ticket agent or JAS. C. POND, Gen. Pass. and Tkt. Agt., Chicago III.

Dr. Fowler's

Extract of Wild Strawberry is a reliable remedy that can always be depended on to cure cholera, cholera infantum, colic, cramps, diarrhoea, dysentery, and all looseness of the bowels. It is a pure

Extract

containing all the virtues of Wild Strawberry, one of the safest and surest cures for all summer complaints, combined with other harmless yet prompt curative agents, well known to medical science. The leaves

of Wild

Strawberry were known by the Indians to be an excellent remedy for diarrhoea, dysentery and looseness of the bowels; but medical science has placed before the public in Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild

Strawberry

a complete and effectual cure for all those distressing and often dangerous complaints so common in this changeable climate.

It has stood the test for 40 years, and hundreds of lives have been saved by its prompt use. No other remedy always

Cures

summer complaints so promptly, quiets the pain so effectually and allays irritation so successfully as this marvellous prescription of Dr. Fowler. If you are going to travel this

Summer

be sure and take a bottle with you. It overcomes safely and quickly the distressing summer complaint so often caused by change of air and water, and is also a specific against sea-sickness, and all bowel

Complaints.

Price 35c. Beware of imitations and substitutes sold by unscrupulous dealers for the sake of greater profits.



GOOD LUCK

With the slippers thrown after a devoted build couple, but it makes no difference whether you're just married or not married at all, there's good luck for you, not only in our slippers, but in every purchase of footwear you make at our store. You're in good luck when you get a really good shoe at a lower price. That's what you get from us in every instance. Our footwear is of the good Luck brand, and is in high favor with lucky buyers. It's like a stroke of good luck to get such shoes as we are offering. So, if you are looking for a good pair of shoes, come to our store for this week, to make sure for your winter purchases. Seize your chance to buy at a low price.

The Brandon Boot Co

JNO. MORRIS, Prop.

Telephone 218, P.O. Box 24

Burdock

BLOOD

BITTERS

UNLOCKS ALL THE CLOTTED SECRETIONS OF THE BOWELS, KIDNEYS AND LIVER, CARRYING OFF ACIDITY, WITHOUT WOUNDING THE SYSTEM, ALL PURGES, SCROFULA, AT THE SAME TIME CORRECTING ACIDITY OF THE STOMACH, CURING INDIGESTION, DYSPEPSIA, HEAD-ACHES, DIZZINESS, HEARTBURN, CONSTIPATION, RHEUMATISM, DROPSY, SKIN DISEASES, JAUNDICE, SALT RHEUM, ERYSIPELAS, SCROFULA, FLUTTERING OF THE HEART, NERVOUSNESS, AND GENERAL DEBILITY. THESE AND ALL SIMILAR COMPLAINTS QUICKLY YIELD TO THE CURATIVE INFLUENCE OF BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS.

EMERSON & HAGUE

10th. STREET.

PANTS TO ORDER, \$4.00, \$1.80

Canadian Pacific Railway

QUICKEST ROUTE TO

The World's Fair

BRANDON TO CHICAGO

And Return, \$30.05.

Direct and cheapest route to Toronto, Montreal, New York, and all eastern cities, also to Kootenay Mining Country, Spokane Falls, and the

PACIFIC COAST.

C. P. R. LAKE ROUTE.

Sailing from Fort William.

S. S. Manitoba, every Tuesday

S. S. Alberta, every Friday

S. S. Athabasca, every Sunday

Connecting trains leave Winnipeg Monday and Friday.

Excursion Tickets to Banff.

To EUROPE

From Montreal.

Sardinian, Allan Line, Sept. 23

Mongolian, Allan Line, Oct. 7

Port of Spain, Allan Line, Oct. 21

Toronto, Dominion Line, Sept. 23

Calcutta, Dominion Line, Oct. 7

India, Dominion Line, Oct. 21

Japan, Dominion Line, Oct. 21

From New York.

State of California, Allan Line, Sept. 21

Norfolk, Allan Line, Oct. 5

City of New York, American Line, Sept. 20

City of Paris, American Line, Oct. 4

City of Chester, American Line, Oct. 18

White Star Line, Sept. 20

Canada, White Star Line, Oct. 4

Florida, Cunard Line, Sept. 20

Campania, Cunard Line, Oct. 4

Servia, Cunard Line, Oct. 18

Unibria, Cunard Line, Oct. 21

AUSTRALIA

From Vancouver

S. S. Mowat, every Tuesday

S. S. Warrimoo, every Friday

And every month thereafter.

CHINA & JAPAN

From Vancouver to Yokohama and Hong Kong.

Empire of India, from Vancouver Aug 7th

Japan, from Vancouver Aug 14th

And every four weeks thereafter.

For full information apply to

F. C. PATERSON,

C. P. R. City Ticket Agent, Brandon.

'El Padre'

PINS

BRANDON MAIL.

Thursday, Sept. 28, 1893.

GENERAL ELECTIONS.

A REPORT THAT THE DOMINION HOUSE WILL BE DISSOLVED.

Indications Point to Such a Course on the Part of the Government.—A Short Session to Be Held in November and the Elections in January.

An Ottawa special says: There is every evidence of the dissolution of the Dominion parliament. The government has organized a campaign in nearly every constituency, and ministers who have arranged to go to the Pacific coast, have cancelled their trip to take the stump in Ontario and Quebec. "It is understood that their will be a short session in November and the elections will be held in January. The government has its strength rapidly declining since it has practically abandoned the policy of closer trade relations with the United States, the main plank in the Liberal platform. It is necessary therefore to appeal to the country."

SETTLEMENT AT OLDS.

The Colonists From Nebraska Doing Well. Since last April when the Nebraska colony arrived at Olds, the settlement has assumed more imposing dimensions, nearly all lines are very fairly represented and her population reaches about 100 souls. The surrounding country is well settled within a radius of about five miles. Mixed farming is being thoroughly tested and although upon last year's breaking for the most part the results are decidedly flattering. The crops this year were excellent. Vegetable culture is very promising and the yield on new breaking is surprising. Hay-making has been the leading industry among the farmers this season and as a result there is an abundance for the stock and a goodly amount for market. The people are well satisfied with the Olds district and think it preferable to those farther north. In another year Olds will doubtless be an incorporated village as there are strong indications of a mighty army of home-seekers arriving here next spring from Nebraska and other points.

COMING FROM NEBRASKA.

A Party of Farmers Start on a Long Drive. Mr. A. E. Hetherington, one of the staff of the Dominion immigration agents, employed in the state of Nebraska, is in the west, in company with Thos. J. Sulde and Peter J. Jeffrey, two representative farmers who will sell land for their fellow farmers in Nebraska. One delegate represents thirty families and the other comes from a good district near Omaha. Mr. Hetherington says that many of the Nebraska farmers are leaving the state owing to the unfavorable conditions for farming there. The season has been a very dry one and the financial depression has affected all. There is a crop of corn in the south and southwestern parts of the state, but the price is too low to make its cultivation profitable. Mr. Hetherington reports that a few days ago a party of seventeen farmers left Wagon, Nebraska, with their effects, intending to drive all the way to the Northwest Territories. They expect to make the trip in four weeks.

The "Sun" Line Open.

The C. P. R. have completed all arrangements for the running of the "Sun" line. Through tourist and sleeping coaches will be run from New Wheaton, Wash., to Minneapolis. There will be a daily service and trains will leave the Pacific coast in the morning, going south from Moosejaw on Monday next. The name of the station at the boundary line has been changed that in the United States will in future be known as South Portal and the town north of the line as North Portal. The Dominion Express company have opened an office at the latter point.

The Manitoba School Case.

The Manitoba school case is first on the list for the next supreme court session. At one time it seemed doubtful whether the case would be gone on with next term as the chief justice is not in good health and has applied for leave of absence. He has decided, however, to hear the case and then take a rest for six months. The chief's departure from Ottawa will involve the appointment of a successor to Judge Patterson, without delay, otherwise there will be no quorum to hear general cases.

Ingersoll's Prophecy So Where.

At the opening of the new Baptist church in Winnipeg the Rev. R. G. Ingersoll said, in his sermon, that the new church another knock at the crumbling fabric of prophecy which Robert Ingersoll had reared. Ingersoll prophesied ten years ago that within a decade there would be ten theatres erected in America for every church. How untrue this prophecy had proved was seen last year when in the United States there were four times as many new churches erected as there were theatres old and new in the Union.

When Were You Born.

The St. Louis Republican says: If a girl is born in January, she will be a prudent housewife, given to melancholy, but good temper. If in February, a humane and affectionate wife and tender mother. If in April, inconstant, not very intelligent, but likely to be very good-looking. If in May, handsome, amiable and unpractical, and likely to be happy in domestic impetuosity. If in July, passably handsome, but with a sulky temper. If in August, amiable and unpractical, and likely to be rich. If in September, disagreeable and much liked. If in October, coquettish, and likely to be unhappy. If in November, liberal, kind and of a mild disposition. If in December, well proportioned, fond of novelty and extravagant.

Egyptian farmers use exactly the same kind of plough that their ancestors used five thousand years ago.

RED DEER DISTRICT.

Large Tracts of Land to Be Opened for Settlement.

J. Moore, ex-alderman of Toronto, who is manager of the Saskatchewan Land Co., returned last night from Calgary after a thorough inspection of Alberta. He says that its present condition indicates its wonderful possibilities. All through the agricultural districts and in the central and northern settlements especially the crops are phenomenal. The average yield will be thirty bushels, while in the Red Deer district it will be forty bushels. Mr. Moore showed a reporter the poster for the fall fair at Innisfail, on Oct. 5, which is a wonderfully creditable document for a settlement two years old.

Through the energies of Messrs. Moore, Fitzgerald and Lucas, excursions are being arranged from Washington, Idaho, Oregon, Montana, Nebraska and Iowa to see Alberta. As she presents herself this year, Mr. Moore leaves tonight for Ontario to make a special excursion from the east from about the 20th of September to the 20th of October. The odd numbered sections in the Red Deer district, thirty-three miles long and ten miles wide, through the very middle of which the railway runs from end to end, which have been held in reserve for the Red Deer district, are at last to be thrown open. The railroad runs right through the district. The whole trail of country is to be put up by public auction on the 13th of October at Calgary. There will be a very keen competition.

Messrs. Moore & Lucas both seem to believe that the Red Deer Valley District is the garden of the west. The latter who contemplates mixed farming, stock raising and dairying. —Free Press.

Crofters Settlements a Failure.

The Crofters settlements in the Canadian Northwest have been condemned as a complete failure by the government, and all further efforts in this direction will be abandoned. Sir Geo. Trevelyan, secretary for Scotland in the House of Commons, has spoken most strongly of the failure of the scheme. He said it would be many long years before the government would again undertake state colonization. He described the failure of the settlements at Saltcoats and Killbuck and declared that the people sent out were not naturally enterprising, but that they had no energy or self-reliance which might have been soon lost under this system of colonization. Another element in the failure was that it was impossible to get emigrants of the right class, for whom parliament intended the £20,000 voted. No single family responded to the invitation distributed last year throughout the congested district.

A Massachusetts Man Proclaims Himself Christ.

Henry B. Foulke, president of the Mahatmas in Omet Bay, Mass., of the sophists and spiritualists, announces that he is the Messiah. He says he has been reincarnated no less than seven times, and that his life is a constant communication with "shades," and that his announcements and actions are placed far beyond his personal control. The shades of the Tibetan prophet, the shades of the prophet, that war and bloodshed are soon to follow and that Socialism is soon to come out on top.

Mr. Foulke has made many converts. His strongest adherents are women. He makes no public appearances, but he has attempted to mount the rostrum. He keeps away from the spiritualists and mediums. He is unpopular with the old time mediums who seem to fear this new order of occult science.

A Rising Clergyman Caught.

The ancient custom of kissing the bride at the officiating clergyman's still adhered to most religiously by many ministers. One in Winnipeg made a regular practice of this pleasant privilege, but is now seriously considering the advisability of giving it up on account of something which happened a few days ago. He was called to make two hearts one. One of the hearts was that of a big, burly, red-headed fellow, looking tenderly on the blushing bride of 14 summers, whose appearance was scarcely an improvement on that of her future worse half. On surveying the happy twain the minister resolved to leave the kissing to the bridegroom, but by some unexplained reason, probably through the force of habit, he so far forgot himself as to bestow a kiss upon the bride. That was bad enough, but what followed, was, if possible, worse. The groom, who was a little more than a little bit of a flirt, was quite right, threw both his burly arms around the astonished clergyman, and before the latter could interfere or extricate himself from the unpleasant and odorous embrace received a resounding smack, which was evidently intended for a kiss. Hence his determination to forego the privilege. —Free Press.

How to Make Potato Flour.

An exchange observes that in seasons of heavy crops potatoes can not only be used in making starch, but also in making potato flour. The potatoes are grated and then pressed like apples in cider making. The pressed pulp is broken into small pieces and carefully dried. This substance is known as torrefied pulp and can be used for animal or human food by simply adding boiling water. It is also ground and boiled off of dry flour, and in this form mixed in different proportions with wheat, corn, or rye flour. It can be baked into bread which is digestible and nutritious, and cheap. Frequent efforts to make flour from potatoes have failed because it was attempted to drive out all the water by evaporation, but if this new French process is used, it is supposed to be successful, which permits more perfect drying of what is left. It is claimed that the edible portions of potatoes can be kept in this form for years, and before the enormous weight of potatoes is considered, as compared with wheat it can be imagined what an enormous increase there may be to the world's food supply.

WESTERN WORLD.

MANITOBA MATTERS—NORTHWEST NUGGETS—COLUMBIA CRUMBS.

Collected Carefully—Given Graciously.

The Patrons of the Newdale section are erecting a store.

A new school house has been erected and opened at Gretha.

William Jack, of Brokenhead, better known as "Willie," one of the first settlers in the district is dead.

R. T. Rokeby, ex-manager of the defunct Commercial Bank, who skeddaddled from Winnipeg, is in New York.

Dorsey & Little's, Winnipeg, trotting stallion, Bourbonnais, took first prize at the Toronto Industrial exhibition.

The lieutenant-governor-in-council has seen fit to appoint Major Phillips, W. E. Flummerfelt and J. T. Bell as a health board for the town of Estevan.

The well-known grain firm of Roblin & Armitage, Winnipeg, has been dissolved. Mr. Roblin continues while Mr. Armitage goes south for the winter.

Thomas Smith has been sent to Regina jail for a term of six months on a charge of stealing Corporal McLaughlin's watch and a pair of boots.

Every iron bridge on the C. P. R. between Westminster and Calgary is to be painted white, and a gang of painters have commenced operations. Their work will not be completed this year.

A recent thunderstorm did quite a lot of damage in Woodworth municipality. Several houses were struck by lightning and a year old boy of James Larimer was instantly killed.

Thos. Marks & Co.'s hardware store, Port Arthur, Ont., was entered by burglars a few nights back, who succeeded in getting away with three of Green's celebrated guns and half a dozen revolvers.

United States Consul Myers has just returned to Victoria, B. C. from the Sound, where he went to enquire into the necessity of a United States consular agent for the Kootenay country. Nelson and Kalis are mentioned as the place for the headquarters, but as to these he will make a report to Washington.

Mr. David Menzies, secretary of the Vancouver Liberal association, has received a letter from the Hon. Wm. L. Martin, minister of the interior, Aug. 31, in which the Liberal leader intimates that he is making arrangements to reach British Columbia about the first week in November. He says that it is probable the Hon. H. H. Davies, of Prince Edward Island, will accompany him on his western tour.

In July the trustees of Winnipeg, through the council, had a by-law for \$50,000 submitted to the electors. It was required to pay for the erection of school buildings already in course of construction. The freeholders showed so little attention to the voting took place during the trouble to hear any evidence, but was defeated by a small majority. The trustees then asked the council to provide for the expenditure of the year's salary, but the council body refused. The trustees have, however, decided that the residents shall have another opportunity to voice their opinion, and on October, a determined effort will be made to carry the bill.

Some little time ago L. W. P. Noel, the secretary treasurer of the municipality of De la Salaberry, was arrested on the charge of forgery. In connection with some of the official documents of the municipality, and also on the charge of obtaining a cheque under false pretences; he was taken before Heneage Nadon, a justice of the peace who sent Noel to the jail at Winnipeg without taking any steps to hear any evidence, but was released the same day. He was accused being admitted on bail pending an investigation by the attorney-general. The case was recently heard in court and justice made an order discharging Noel from custody, and he has instructed his solicitors to enter an action against the magistrate for malicious prosecution.

Living Beyond One's Means.

Upon the subject of living beyond one's means, Samuel Smiles, the author of the English "work and wealth," says: "How to get on in the world," says: "There is another class of people living up to their means, and often beyond them. They desire to be considered respectable people. They live according to the prevailing usage. 'One must do as others do.' They do not consider whether they can afford to live up to or beyond their means, but they think it necessary to secure the opinion of others. In doing so they usually sacrifice their own self-respect. They regard their dress, their establishments, their manner of living, and their observance of fashion, as the sole tests of respectability and rank. They make an appearance in the eyes of the world, though it may be entirely hypocritical and false. But they must not let poverty prevent them from securing the opinion of the shopkeepers. And yet when misfortune overtakes them, and the debts have become overwhelming, what becomes of the friends who fly away and abandon the man who is up to his ears in debt? Poverty is more than half-dressed by those who have the moral courage to say, 'I can't afford it.' Fair-weather friends are of no use whatever, except as an indication of the depth of snobbish to which human beings can descend. 'What is a visiting connection?' It is not calculated to elevate in social or even in business life. Success mainly depends upon character and the general esteem in which a person is held; and if the attempt is made to snatch the reward of success by the use of the unrefined footing may at once give way, and the aspirant fall unaided, into the open-mouthed dragon of debt."

WESTERN CHEESE FACTORIES.

The Possibilities and Actualities of Manitoba Dairying.

Mr. C. C. Macdonald, superintendent of experimental dairying, Ottawa, has returned from a tour of inspection throughout the province. He was sent here from Ottawa by the department of agriculture for the purpose of visiting the cheese and butter factories of Manitoba, and has been on the road ever since. He has visited nearly every factory that does any business in Manitoba, and has given instructions in making butter and cheese. He found the cheese in many places very inferior and not to be compared with eastern cheese.

On May 15th Mr. Macdonald left London, Ont., and went to the Northwest Territories. He established a creamery at Wolseley, on the farm of Senator Perley. From there he went to Moose Jaw and delivered a number of lectures among the farmers at different points in the vicinity. Afterwards he came to Manitoba and started on the visit already referred to, going first to St. Jean. He inspected the creameries along the N. P. R. and at Emerson, then he visited the factories in Southern Manitoba, Provencher district. Next he went along the line of the Manitoba & Northwestern Railway, visiting Lake Rosbush and Russell; drove over sixty-five miles to Moosomin; visited the Spring Creek factory, and also the factories down the main line of the C. P. R., namely at Assiniboia, Douglas and Brandon. Lastly he made his inspection out at Lake Manitoba and has just returned. He has still to go out to St. Jean and visit a couple of factories, and then he expects to return east.

During his tour Mr. Macdonald has tested upwards of two thousand samples of milk, and he found the milk very rich in butter fat, ranging from 3.1-2 to 6 per cent. He made a test of one herd and found that it tested an average of 4.71; this herd was largely composed of Ayrshires. Another mixed herd tested 4.51. Mr. Macdonald regards Manitoba as a dairy country in every respect. True, there were parts of the province where he found the water inferior, but he was confident that it would improve, and that when the farmers secure proper drainage the water from which the stock have to drink would improve. He found the pasturage in Manitoba the best he has ever travelled over. He found a great many cheese-makers, but they were very indifferent as to the quality of the goods they were making; and they informed him that their goods were sold in the market, which was all they desired.

The cheese in the different factories was soft and porous, owing to lack of skill on the part of cheese-makers. There is also found bad flavor in the milk, caused by the cows eating a certain weed; it is difficult to make a fine article of cheese, when the cows have access to these weeds. This, however, should not be considered a serious drawback to farming in Manitoba; for when the land is put under cultivation, the weeds will to a large extent be killed. The butter factories of Manitoba were found to be very poorly constructed, being open and unfit for making cheese at all seasons, or, in fact, at any season of the year. The wants of Manitoba have been found in a much better state of repair than the cheese factories. Some of the butter in Manitoba was very nice, though it could be improved upon. The wants of Manitoba have been found in a much better state of repair than the cheese factories. Some of the butter in Manitoba was very nice, though it could be improved upon. The wants of Manitoba have been found in a much better state of repair than the cheese factories. Some of the butter in Manitoba was very nice, though it could be improved upon.

FIRE IN A BRITISH COLUMBIA MISSION.

Word has reached Victoria, B. C., that a few weeks ago twenty-five houses and a new church were destroyed by fire at Kincolith, on the Nuns, leaving over thirty families without homes or shelter and provisions for their families. Archdeacon Ridley says that the fire started during the afternoon service. Archdeacon Collison, who was in the church, noticed the smoke among the Indians, and he gave the alarm. The Indians rushed out, but it was impossible to save the houses or the church. The mission house was not touched.

At midnight everything possible having been saved, a report service was held in the ruins of the church. The archdeacon preached in the morning from "whose fan is in his hand and he will thoroughly purge his floor." During the service a man cried, "Oh, God, it is necessary to cleanse us thus."

The loss is estimated at \$20,000 with no insurance. Bishop Ridley states the Dominion Insurance Co. to advance \$2,000 to re-build the saw-mill, repayable in annual installments.

Fire at Kamloops.

Fire was discovered in Vair's tin-smith shop, Kamloops, B. C., a few days ago, about 4 a. m. The wind was blowing a gale at the time. Firemen and citizens met a desperate fight, but the following places were destroyed: Vair's tin shop; Prior & Co. hardware; Stephenson, jeweller; Simmons, contractor; D. J. Baker, barber; Whitaker's law office; Fortune's store and dwelling house; J. A. Macrae's residence; Sinclair's fruit store; Quinn, boots and shoes; Chung Lee, general store; Kwang On, Wo Co. and five other Chinese stores. The loss will exceed \$100,000. Prior & Co.'s loss being estimated at \$50,000. There is very little insurance.

A Cold Water Story.

Somewhere lives a farmer of such social habits that his coming home intoxicated was once no unusual thing. His wife urged him in vain to reform. "Now if you don't fall into a hole one of these days, when you can't take care of yourself, and no one near to take you out." Sure enough, as if to verify the prophecy, one day he fell into a hole. He was from a glorious frolic, the old fellow reeled into his own well, and after a deal of useless scrambling, shouted for "the light of his eyes" to come and help him out. "Don't," I tell you so, said the good soul, showing her cap roll over the edge of the parapet, "you've got into a hole at last, and it's only

lucky I'm in hearing, or you might have drowned." "Well," she continued after a pause, letting him down the bucket, "take hold." And up he came, higher at every turn of the windlass, until the old lady's grasp slipped from the handle, down he went to the bottom again. This occurring more than once made the temporary occupant of the well suspicious. "Look here," he screamed in fury at the last splash, "you're doing that on purpose, I know you are."

"Well, now I am," responded his old woman, tranquilly, while wind-

ing him up once more; "didn't you tell me it's best to get used to a thing by degrees? I'm afraid if I was to bring you right up on a sudden, you wouldn't find it whole-some."

The old fellow could not help chuckling at her application of his principle, and protested that he would sign the pledge on the instant if she would let him fall fairly. This she did, and packed him off to "swear in" wet as he was.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

THROUGH TIME TABLE.

Great Northwest Central Railway TIME TABLE.

Taking Effect FRIDAY, JUNE 2nd, 1893.

STATIONS.	Read Down.	Read Up.
Winnipeg	7:00 a.m.	7:00 a.m.
Brandon	8:00 a.m.	8:00 a.m.
Regina	9:00 a.m.	9:00 a.m.
Saskatoon	10:00 a.m.	10:00 a.m.
Yorkton	11:00 a.m.	11:00 a.m.
North Yorkton	12:00 p.m.	12:00 p.m.
Estevan	1:00 p.m.	1:00 p.m.
Delisle	2:00 p.m.	2:00 p.m.
Weyburn	3:00 p.m.	3:00 p.m.
Carleton Place	4:00 p.m.	4:00 p.m.
Port Arthur	5:00 p.m.	5:00 p.m.
Thunder Bay	6:00 p.m.	6:00 p.m.
Sault Ste. Marie	7:00 p.m.	7:00 p.m.
Superior	8:00 p.m.	8:00 p.m.
Marquette	9:00 p.m.	9:00 p.m.
Chapais	10:00 p.m.	10:00 p.m.
Roberval	11:00 p.m.	11:00 p.m.
Amqui	12:00 a.m.	12:00 a.m.
Montreal	1:00 a.m.	1:00 a.m.

The Company reserves the right to make such variations in this Time Table, with or without notice, as circumstances may require.

MANITOBA & NORTHWESTERN RAILWAY CO. TIME CARD.

Taking Effect Sept. 7th, 1893.

Regular passenger trains run as follows:

STATIONS.	Read Down.	Read Up.
Winnipeg	7:00 a.m.	7:00 a.m.
Brandon	8:00 a.m.	8:00 a.m.
Regina	9:00 a.m.	9:00 a.m.
Saskatoon	10:00 a.m.	10:00 a.m.
Yorkton	11:00 a.m.	11:00 a.m.
North Yorkton	12:00 p.m.	12:00 p.m.
Estevan	1:00 p.m.	1:00 p.m.
Delisle	2:00 p.m.	2:00 p.m.
Weyburn	3:00 p.m.	3:00 p.m.
Carleton Place	4:00 p.m.	4:00 p.m.
Port Arthur	5:00 p.m.	5:00 p.m.
Thunder Bay	6:00 p.m.	6:00 p.m.
Sault Ste. Marie	7:00 p.m.	7:00 p.m.
Superior	8:00 p.m.	8:00 p.m.
Marquette	9:00 p.m.	9:00 p.m.
Chapais	10:00 p.m.	10:00 p.m.
Roberval	11:00 p.m.	11:00 p.m.
Amqui	12:00 a.m.	12:00 a.m.
Montreal	1:00 a.m.	1:00 a.m.

Branch Lines.

STATIONS.	Read Down.	Read Up.
Winnipeg	7:00 a.m.	7:00 a.m.
Brandon	8:00 a.m.	8:00 a.m.
Regina	9:00 a.m.	9:00 a.m.
Saskatoon	10:00 a.m.	10:00 a.m.
Yorkton	11:00 a.m.	11:00 a.m.
North Yorkton	12:00 p.m.	12:00 p.m.
Estevan	1:00 p.m.	1:00 p.m.
Delisle	2:00 p.m.	2:00 p.m.
Weyburn	3:00 p.m.	3:00 p.m.
Carleton Place	4:00 p.m.	4:00 p.m.
Port Arthur	5:00 p.m.	5:00 p.m.
Thunder Bay	6:00 p.m.	6:00 p.m.
Sault Ste. Marie	7:00 p.m.	7:00 p.m.
Superior	8:00 p.m.	8:00 p.m.
Marquette	9:00 p.m.	9:00 p.m.
Chapais	10:00 p.m.	10:00 p.m.
Roberval	11:00 p.m.	11:00 p.m.
Amqui	12:00 a.m.	12:00 a.m.
Montreal	1:00 a.m.	1:00 a.m.

NORTHERN PACIFIC RY. TIME CARD.

TAKING EFFECT SUNDAY, SEPT. 3rd 1893.

(Central or 90th Meridian Time.)

STATIONS.	Read Down.	Read Up.
Winnipeg	7:00 a.m.	7:00 a.m.
Brandon	8:00 a.m.	8:00 a.m.
Regina	9:00 a.m.	9:00 a.m.
Saskatoon	10:00 a.m.	10:00 a.m.
Yorkton	11:00 a.m.	11:00 a.m.
North Yorkton	12:00 p.m.	12:00 p.m.
Estevan	1:00 p.m.	1:00 p.m.
Delisle	2:00 p.m.	2:00 p.m.
Weyburn	3:00 p.m.	3:00 p.m.
Carleton Place	4:00 p.m.	4:00 p.m.
Port Arthur	5:00 p.m.	5:00 p.m.
Thunder Bay	6:00 p.m.	6:00 p.m.
Sault Ste. Marie	7:00 p.m.	7:00 p.m.
Superior	8:00 p.m.	8:00 p.m.
Marquette	9:00 p.m.	9:00 p.m.
Chapais	10:00 p.m.	10:00 p.m.
Roberval	11:00 p.m.	11:00 p.m.
Amqui	12:00 a.m.	12:00 a.m.
Montreal	1:00 a.m.	1:00 a.m.

MORRIS-BRANDON BRANCH.

STATIONS.	Read Down.	Read Up.
Winnipeg	7:00 a.m.	7:00 a.m.
Brandon	8:00 a.m.	8:00 a.m.
Regina	9:00 a.m.	9:00 a.m.
Saskatoon	10:00 a.m.	10:00 a.m.
Yorkton	11:00 a.m.	11:00 a.m.
North Yorkton	12:00 p.m.	12:00 p.m.
Estevan	1:00 p.m.	1:00 p.m.
Delisle	2:00 p.m.	2:00 p.m.
Weyburn	3:00 p.m.	3:00 p.m.
Carleton Place	4:00 p.m.	4:00 p.m.
Port Arthur	5:00 p.m.	5:00 p.m.
Thunder Bay	6:00 p.m.	6:00 p.m.
Sault Ste. Marie	7:00 p.m.	7:00 p.m.
Superior	8:00 p.m.	8:00 p.m.
Marquette	9:00 p.m.	9:00 p.m.
Chapais	10:00 p.m.	10:00 p.m.
Roberval	11:00 p.m.	11:00 p.m.
Amqui	12:00 a.m.	12:00 a.m.
Montreal	1:00 a.m.	1:00 a.m.

PORTAGE LA PRAIRIE BRANCH.

STATIONS.		Passenger car from Toronto Monday and Wednesday.	Passenger car from Toronto Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.
4:00 p.	Winnipeg	11:00 a.
4:30 p.	Morris	2:30 p.	8:00 a.
5:00 p.	Lowville	2:50 p.	8:30 a.
5:30 p.	Myrie	3:20 p.	9:00 a.
6:00 p.	Roland	3:40 p.	10:15 a.
6:30 p.	Revelark	4:00 p.	10:50 a.
7:00 p.	Miami	4:30 p.	11:20 a.
7:30 p.	Deerwood	4:50 p.	12:30 p.
8:00 p.	Altamont	5:10 p.	1:40 p.
8:30 p.	Sumner	5:40 p.	1:50 p.
9:00 p.	Swan Lake	6:00 p.	2:00 p.
9:30 p.	Indian Springs	6:30 p.	2:20 p.



SYRUP OF FIGS
ONE ENJOYS
Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, head-aches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever pro-duced, pleasing to the taste and ac-ceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 75c bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Manufactured only by the
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SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N. Y.
ROSE CO. AGENTS AT BRANDON

Save
Paying
Doctors'
Bills
BY USING

Dr. Morse's Indian Root Pills

THEY are the Remedy that the bounteous hand of nature has provided for all diseases arising from IMPURE BLOOD.

Morse's
Pills
FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS

W. H. COMSTOCK,
BRANDON, ONT.

Why
you take
Cold
and
Cough.

Generally caused by exposure to cold, wet feet, sitting in a draught, coming from hot and crowded places, in thin dress, or wearing damp clothes, stock-ings, or any other cause tending to check suddenly the perspiration. The result produces inflammation of the lining membrane of the lungs or throat, and this causes phlegm or matter, which nature tries to throw off by expectora-tion. In many cases she is unable to do so without assistance, and this is

Why
you use
Allen's
Lung
Balsam.

Three Size Bottles,
25c., 50c., \$1.00

THE UXBRIDGE
Piano & Organ Company

have two of the best equipped fac-tories in the Dominion.

They have a new six octave Organ in piano case without stops, patented. This Organ has become a great favorite, the orders come in faster than they can be filled.

Their Pianos are manufactured by a man of long experience from Boston, Mass.

In Toronto, where competition is keenest, these Pianos have been the winners in every trial. Every instrument warranted five years.

CHAS. MAYWOOD, agent Brandon

or write to the Company, Ux-bridge, Ont.

FINE BALL DRESSES.

WHAT WAS SEEN AT THE LAST HOP AT SARATOGA.

Where Even the Babies Wear Brilliant Diamonds—Pretty Frocks at the Races. High Collar Collars are Becoming Fashion. In Fashion's Whirl.

Copyright, 1923, by American Press Association.



Even the babies wear diamonds. There was a children's party the other day, and we toted 4 and 5 years had their frocks trimmed with mechin and duchess lace, and old point was as common on their dainty gowns as hambug edging on those of the children of the ordinary folks. On their plump necks were lock-ets with diamonds, and their tiny fin-gers had quite large solitaires!

It was pretty to see, but one wonders what the world can offer to a woman who wears diamonds and point lace at 5 years. Some of the babies were just sweet, simple little things, lovable and innocuous as God intended them to be, but when you dress a little child up in such a manner as some were dressed it cannot fail to have an evil effect on the little one thus early initiated into the pomp and vanities of fashionable life.

I think I never saw Saratoga so gay and so truly sociable as this season. For the last four or five years people did not seem to become acquainted or to have known each other before, and there was a kind of reserve everywhere, but it is not so now. The whole beautiful city is like one very large family, and it is ex-ceddingly pleasant to the stranger and also to the regular habitues, for human-ity is generous.

The hops are marked by good dress-ing, and by that I mean tasteful dress-ing without vulgarity. In fact, the per-



A FALL COSTUME.

trading styles are not and cannot be made the vehicles for extravagant dis-play, nor can the gowns be cut immedi-ately low, as they were a few seasons since. But the girls and matrons, too, never looked prettier than they do now in their quaint gowns. There were sev-eral noteworthy ball dresses at the last hop. One was a white silk muslin, with 30 rows of pink Spanish blond, one just touching the other. There was a baby waist cut low off the shoulder and straight across the chest. The sleeves were short and puffed, of white, and there was a pointed bertha made of three ruffles of the pink lace. There was a sash of white silk muslin, hem-stitched, and at the bottom there were three rows of the lace. The sash was tied in a big Japanese bow at the back. The young wearer had low slippers and pink open work stockings. She looked lovely enough to account for the admi-ration she received. The Spanish blond lace is so light that it flutters with the slightest movement, and the child looked like a pink sunset cloud that had floated down to earth.

Another dainty gown was of mauve tissue, with silver stripes. This had seven or eight ruffles cut on the bias, and the stripe ran one way on one ruffle and the other way on the next, so that the whole was a sort of zigzag pattern. The waist was a V shaped surplice and was entirely without trimming. The sleeves were three puffs, ending at the elbow with an accordion plaited bias fall. There was a girle made of white satin ribbon fastened by rhinestone buckles. There were diamonds in the soft blond hair and very pretty filigree gold bracelets on both wrists. That reminds me that I have seen a good many bracelets this season, and it looks as if they might be returning to favor again. Those that have appeared thus far have been mostly quaint and old looking and may be heirlooms, but however that may be they fit the present styles wonderfully well.

I will mention but one more of the ball dresses. This was a white tulle dress with the faintest blush of pink shot through it, just the shade of that seen in the heart of a blush rose. The skirt was plain and very full around the bottom, with a festoon of pearl beads and tulle about six inches from the bottom. It was dancing length, just touching the floor. The corsage was pointed both front and back and fastened invisibly. It was cut V shape and draped with puffs of tulle held by ropes of wax pearl. With this were worn white slippers and white silk stockings. There were three bands of pearls, Greek style, on the hair. I should if Newport could show such lovely girls or gowns. Environ-ment may have something to do with

the loveliness of woman, and certainly Saratoga is beautiful enough for a pa-radise for angels.

Shining sands, blue waters and cold gray rocks make a noble background to the pictures of Newport girls, but they cannot equal the tender grace of blossom and leaf, of the cool shadows and soft air brooding over it all. Here the purple maiden can set her brilliant gown against the green grass and shrubbery and notice out of harmony, but instead be a brilliant point of interest. Here the fluttering films that they call sun-shades may be a thing of beauty, like an upturned flower fallen from the arching trees under which the holder strolls, listening to the hand or the sweeter music of "some one's" voice. Yes, bless them there is a lot of loveliness done at Saratoga, and who can help it? It is in too air, and even the staid married people sigh and are only too apt to fall into the same ways. It is a little awk-ward where there are wives without their husbands or men without their families; but, as the late lamented philosopher, Jo Bowers, said: "It is only a way they have. They don't mean anything by it."

The races! Ah, there is where you see pretty dresses and pretty women! I often wonder how the men can look at the horses at all when such lovely wom-en are standing around eagerly watching the horses as they are walked around the paddocks.

I took note of one lady who stood on the velvet grass among the shrubbery watching the graceful movements of her favorite horse, all unconscious of the beautiful picture she made. Her gown was of blue faille, the skirt nearly cov-ered with three white lace bouffes. The corsage opened over a vest made of three falls of lace divided by heliotrope velvet ribbon. The ripple collar of the faille was trimmed with narrow heliotrope velvet ribbon, and the puffed sleeves were of deep heliotrope velvet, with lace falls. The tricorn hat she wore was of black straw, with white mull rosettes and a black asprey aigret. There were rosettes of velvet ribbon on shoulders and belt. She wore pale straw colored gloves.

Another lady who was much admired was of pale pink muslin gown, with cream colored lace ruffles nearly cov-ering the skirt, which was gathered full at the waist, the latter being a French waist with a pointed yoke of lace without lin-ing. The sleeves were puffed in three, and each puff had a fall of the lace and another one at the wrist.

Wraps are of the lightest kind just now, but fair heads are full of what they are going to have as soon as they get back to town. One is going to have a royal purple cloth gown with a cape to match, with a velvet ripple collar, and a bonnet combining the two materials and a big picture hat of black felt, with black and purple plumes.

I think purple and black, purple and gold, and black and yellow will be fa-vorite combinations the coming season, and I think black with magenta trimmings and combinations will be much worn. I saw an elegant broadcloth dress being braided with magenta soutache in a very elaborate design. Chemise fringe will be seen on many mantles and capes, sometimes lighted up with beads and sometimes plain buds, always rich. I saw a short red and black parasol edged with black chemise fringe, each strand ending in a little silk button.

On many of the new fall gowns there is a tendency to do away with the high collar collar and replace it with a flat or rolling collar, but it will be very hard to persuade those ladies whose necks are thin or fat or rough or in any way im-perfect to adopt it.

Another fall is to have the waist of a tailor made gown made to fit perfectly without darts or seams in the back, be-ing joined only at the sides and on the shoulders. This requires that the lining be stout and well fitted and that the out-side be of flexible material, or at least be cut on the bias, so that it can be pulled and stretched into shape, but this must be done on the person.

HENRIETTE ROUSSEAU
Saratoga, Aug. 28.

MATCHES AND PINS.

We Never Realize Their Value Until We Need Them.

Matches and pins being among the most common things in daily use, it is seldom that any thought is bestowed upon them. Matches that are ignited by friction were first made in 1829, be-fore which time they were made to catch fire from a spark struck from flint or steel—a very inconvenient method. It is hard to say how many mil-lions of matches are made in a day, but when the number of people that use them is reckoned, the total sum is appalling. Probably in the city of New York alone over twenty million matches are used every twenty-four hours. But matches are such little things that nobody ever seems to think of them. From an ordi-nary three-inch plank 186,000 matches may be made, yet even at that rate the lumber used in the match business at-tains enormous proportions.

Pins are mentioned as far back as 1483, but not until the beginning of this century were they manufactured by machinery. The old way of making each pin by hand must have been very tedious, and it is not likely that people were so careless with them then, as they were much more expensive than now. It has often been wondered what be-comes of the pins that are lost, but it is hard to say. There are fourteen distinct operations in making a pin, and lots of trouble attached to the process. Pins are made of brass, and then tinned, and thought and millions of them are man-ufactured daily. As a pin can be used more than once, the number used does not equal that of matches, but still miles upon miles of wire are used annually in their manufacture. Like matches, they are little things and not thought much of when you use a pin or a match and there is none to be found, then you realize what an impor-tant part they play in daily life.

"Of the nine drowned eight were women," says a dispatch. This was be-cause the eight women had never learned to swim. Why do not women learn? If there is a more beautiful, more exalta-ing exercise than swimming, it has not yet been discovered.

A Well-Deserved Rebuke.

One day a smart young fellow with shiny shoes, a new hat, and a checkered trousers boarded a street car in a Western city, and stepped to the front platform. He pulled out a twist of paper and began puffing a cigarette, and he began puffing a con-centrated essence of vile odors into the faces of those who were obliged to ride upon the platform if they rode at all. One—a plain old far-mer—couldn't stand it, and stepped off to wait for the next car. When he reached the station the young fellow was there before him, and it happened that the two met at the restaurant counter.

"Got any sandwiches?" called the young man to the waiter. "Here, gimme one." And he tossed out a nickel, and then proceeded to pick up and pull apart every one of the half dozen sandwiches on the plate before he found one to suit him. The farmer, who had been waiting for his turn, stood back in disgust and al-lily he found something which the fingers of another had not touched, and presently followed the loud young man to the car. He found every seat occupied, including the half of one on which were piled the young man's gripsack and overcoat. "Is this seat taken?" he ventured to inquire.

"Seat's engaged," was the curt answer, with a look meant to squelch the old farmer, who went into the smoking car.

That afternoon the same young man was in the office of the governor of the State, armed with recommendations and indorsement, an application for a position under the State government. He was con-ferred by the same plain old far-mer, who recognized his travelling companion of the morning without any trouble. Glancing over his pa-pers, the governor said:

"H—m, yes. You want me to ap-point you to so-and-so. If I should guess I might as well write my own resignation at the same time."

"Why—why so?" stammered the young fellow.

"Because I saw you pay for a street car ride this morning, and you took the platform of the car. You bought a sandwich, and spoiled the plate. You paid for a seat in the train and took mine too; and if I should give you this place, how do I know that you would not take the whole administration?"—On-ward.

"No Funds"

Take care that your drafts on your physical endurance don't come back to you some day marked "no funds." Take

SCOTT'S EMULSION

Of Pure Cod Liver Oil and Hypophosphites to increase your energy and to make good your account at the bank of health.

IT CURES CONSUMPTION, SCROFULA, BRONCHITIS, COUGHS, COLDS and all forms of Wasting Diseases.

Almost as Palatable as Milk. Be sure you get the genuine as there are poor imitations.

Prepared only by Scott & Bowne, Belleville.

Old Chum

(CUT PLUG.)

OLD CHUM

(PLUG.)

No other brand of Tobacco has ever en-joyed such an immense sale and popularity in the same period as this brand of Cut Plug and Plug Tobacco.

Oldest Cut Tobacco manuf-acturers in Canada.

Ritchie & Co.

MONTREAL.

Cut Plug. 10 Plug.

occasion to ask a week's leave of absence during the busy season. "That," was the answer, "is an un-usual request, and one which is rather inconvenient for us to grant, but for the purpose of showing you that we appreciate the efforts you have made since you have been with us, we take the pleasure in giving you the leave of absence for which you ask."

"I did not think," said the boy when he came home that night and related his success, "that they knew a thing about me, but it seems they have known me ever since I have been with them."

They had, indeed, watched him, and had selected him for advancement, for shortly afterwards he was pro-moted to a position of trust with appropriate increase of salary. It pays to put conscience into one's work.



MUNRO & CO.

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

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ALL LINES REPRESENTED.

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ROUTES,

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and New York.

Cabin, \$40, \$35, \$30, \$20, \$15, \$10 upwards

Intermediate \$2, Steerage \$2.

Passengers ticketed through to all points in Great Britain and Ireland, and at specially low rates to all parts of the European Continent. Prepaid passages arranged from all points.

F. C. PATERSON,

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HEALTH FOR ALL

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS AND OINTMENT.

THE PILLS Purify the Blood, correct all Disorders of the LIVER, STOMACH, KID-NEYS and BOWELS. They invigorate and restore to health Debilitated Constitutions, and are valuable in all complaints incident to Females, of all ages. For Children and the Aged they are PRICELESS.

THE OINTMENT Is an infallible remedy for Red Swell, Bad Sores, Old Wounds, Bores and Ulcers. It is famous for Gout and Rheumatism. For Disorders of the Chest it has no equal.

For SORE THROATS, BRONCHITIS, COUGHS, COLDS, GLANDULAR SWELLINGS, and SKIN DISEASES, it has no rival, and for Contracted and Piled Joints IT ACTS LIKE A CHARM.

Manufactured only by THOS. HOLLOWAY'S ESTABLISHMENT.

78, NEW OXFORD STREET, (Late 533 Oxford Street), LONDON.

24, St. Mark St., and 24, each Box or Pot, and may be examined by Medicine Vendors throughout the World.

Purchasers should look to the Label on the Pot and Box, if it said OXFORD STREET LONDON THEY ARE SPURIOUS.



King's Evil

is another name for SCROFULA, and yields to

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Of Pure Norwegian Cod Liver Oil and Hypophosphites.

Impoverished and impaired blood is always effectively restored to vigorous condition by this wonderful remedy. Cures Coughs, Colds and all Wasting Diseases. Almost as palatable as Milk.

Prepared only by Scott & Bowne, Belleville.

General Fire Insurance Agency.

NOTICE.

I beg to notify the public that I have been appointed Agent for the Northwest Fire Insurance Company, of Manitoba, with a capital of \$100,000. The City of London Fire Insurance Company of London, England, capital \$100,000. The Insurance Company of North America, with assets \$5,000,000, and that I am prepared to receive applications for insurance in respect of this Agency, as also to accept prop-osal for new insurances. All classes of insur-able property written at current rates. Ap-ply to

J. R. MATHIE,

Agent for Brandon, Man.

Lapoint Block, Rosser Ave.

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All kinds of grain bought and sold in large or small quantities by sample or grade. Highest market prices obtained. Liberal advances made on grain entrusted for sale, and prompt settle-ment of all transactions.

American and European market quotations received daily.

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ICE! ICE!
THE EARLE ICE CO.
Want to keep you cool by supplying you with clear pure ice at very reasonable rates.
10 to 12 lbs per day delivered to private families at \$2 per month or \$7.50 for the season.
Special low rates to parties using large quantities.
Call up Telephone 17 and we will call upon you.
EARLE ICE CO.

LOCAL NEWS.
Sara Lord Bailey, Oct. 27. Secure your tickets early at Fleming's.
Wood is now worth \$3.75. Sept. 23rd, 1893.
Mrs. J. H. Longworth, wife of the general agent, has returned from P. E. Island.
Mr. G. L. Beer, cashier, intends going to the World's Fair, in a few days.
Mitchell and Corbett are to fight at Coney Island for a purse of \$50,000.
November 23rd has been appointed Thanksgiving Day by the Federal Government.
The C. P. R. sheds have recently been repaired, and are now much more comfortable than they have been for some time.
Dr. Spencer, of this city, has been elected a vice-president of the Canadian Medical Association, at its recent meeting.
Itch on human and horses and all animals cured in 30 minutes by Woodford's Sanitary Lotion. This never fails. Sold by N. J. Halpin, Druggist, Brandon.
Mr. Plummer, lately employed in the City water works, and John Irwin, a laborer, left for Winnipeg, on Thursday. They intend giving exhibitions in mind reading and hypnotism.
Somerville & Co., of the Brandon Marble and Granite works, have 12 hands steadily engaged in the sculpture business, and yet they are not able to supply the demand for monuments etc.
The Municipality of Rapid City has gone into liquidation, the council resigning because the government would not come to its aid. This is one of the inevitable results of boozing.
Glass & Co. have dished out a plate at the Brandon foundry of feet wide, about 18 1/2 feet in circumference, and 1 inch thick, for the purpose of setting buggy and wagon tyres, come in and get them at \$30.00 a piece.
Mr. W. Crawford who has been an operator in the C. P. R. service here for some time has been promoted to the position of baggage and express man on the "Sea" line between Pasqua and the boundary.
Archbishop Machray of Winnipeg has been chosen by the House of Bishops in session in Toronto the Metropolitan and Primate of all Canada. This is a high honor, but is well merited by our Manitoban divine.
Threshing is in progress on the farms of the Rev. Geo. Roddick and sons, Brandon Hills. Whilst exceptional holds run as high as 20 bushels per acre, the general average is about 15 bushels for wheat, and 30 bushels for oats. The sample is excellent.
Fleming's Spanish Liniment removes all, burs, cuts or calloused Blends and Blemishes from horses, Blood Spavin, Cuts, Sprains, Ring Bone, Swollen Throat, Coughs, etc. Save \$2.00 by use of one bottle. Warranted the most wonderful Remedy Cure ever known. Sold by N. J. Halpin, Druggist.
F. Berman has opened out a Tailoring Establishment on Rossier Avenue, between 6th and 7th Streets, next door to Evans' Bank. All kind of clothes Cleaned, Repaired and Pressed in first class style. All kinds Dyeing done. Furs of all kinds fixed at the most reasonable rates and perfect satisfaction guaranteed. P. O. 312. September 20, 1893. 6 mo

The Queen of Elocution. Sara Lord Bailey, Oct. 27. Plan at Fleming's.
J. Birtles, of Alexander, was in the city last week.
The Rev. Mr. Gould's lecture netted \$40 for the Brandon Hospital.
On Friday three B. C. salmon trains went east on the C. P. R.
Sir Charles Tupper reports no destitution among the crofters of this country.
Mr. John Enlish left for Carberry on Saturday last, where he will now reside.
The public school will have sports, for the Scholars, on the 14th of October.
Mrs. C. A. Moor gave a party to a number of friends Friday evening last.
J. A. Montgomery & Co. are opening up oyster parlors for the winter business.
The local government is now making a collection of vegetables for the World's Fair Chicago.
We sympathize with our confreres Mr. White of the Sun in the loss of his two months old child.
The lease between the N. P. R. and the Wisconsin Central railways has been cancelled.
Wheat in the vicinity of Douglas is turning out about 12 bushels to the acre.
Geo. Dixon the colored pugilist knocked out Sully Smith at Coney Island on Monday in seven rounds.
Charles G. Galt's claim against the G. N. W. C. R. R. is \$700,000, and that the road will be sold at an early day to satisfy that.
Mrs. J. C. Irvine widow of the late J. C. Irvine who was for years Post Master at Regina is now in the city on a visit with Mrs. W. J. Lindsay.
The English farm delegates who were in the city a week ago are especially pleased with the appearance and appointments of all our public buildings.
Mr. Geo. Peters of the Brandon Hills district says that on Sec. 2-8-20 wheat has thrived 20 bushels per acre, and the average is from 12 to 22.
The store having the hand-in-hand sign on east Rossier is not to be beaten in making and mending boots and shoes. Give Richards a call.
Mr. Newman of the C. P. R. barber shop seems to be kept busy in his line, and yet he says he never knew a time when money was so scarce.
Messrs. W. J. Young & Co. are enlarging their Grocery Store next to W. Scott's, the pioneer boot and shoe store on Rossier avenue. It is now double its original size.
We had the pleasure of meeting our old friend, Ontario, friend, Mr. G. M. Draper on Tuesday in this city. He looks as well as ever and he says the storekeeping business at Douglas is flourishing.
Mr. W. J. Curtis is building a residence for himself on the west side of 7th street between Louise and Victoria avenues. The foundation is 22x42. It is to be 2 stories high and brick veneered.
The markets are unchanged from last week. Considerable wheat is coming in but it is mostly stored. Parish and Lindsay having about 20,000 bushels in.
The grading standards reached the city yesterday so that dealers can now buy on grade.
The readings of Sara Lord Bailey were even more popular with the audience than the musical programme. The variety of her readings with the sudden change from grave to gay with touches of pathos and passion between remind one of Mrs. Scott Siddons at her best.
Rheumatism cured in a day.—South America Rheumatic Cure for Rheumatism and Neuralgia radically cures in 1 to 3 days. Its action upon the system is remarkable and mysterious. It removes at once the cause, and disease immediately disappears. The first dose greatly benefits. Twenty cents. Sold by N. J. Halpin, Druggist.
A great audience listened to the evening of song and recital in the auditorium last night, given by Miss Sara Lord Bailey of Boston. Miss Bailey's rendering of "Life for Life," has never been excelled in Toronto, and several requests were sent into the auditorium office to have it repeated to-night.—Toronto Globe.
Messrs. Hammond and Leckie have erected a magnificent flouring mill at Napinka. The frame 36x50 and four stories high, with a capacity of 150,000 bushels. The engine room will be of brick and a commodious one. The machinery is from the celebrated North American Mill building Co. of Stratford, Ont. The whole will cost about \$20,000. Mr. Moore, a local mechanic, has superintended the building, and the C. P. R. sent a man to place, and the C. P. R. cry.

Mr. W. H. Hooper sold by auction yesterday upwards of \$2,000 worth of horses at McGregor's stables.
Some days ago J. C. Todd Esq., P.M. sent up two men named Daniels and Cosgrove, for stealing lumber from sundry yards, and the other day Judge Cumberland gave them two years each in confinement.
Mr. J. B. Fraser, for some years connected one way and another with the press of this city, died very suddenly at Elkhorn, on Tuesday this week, at the residence of his father. The deceased went up to the wedding of his sister a day or so before in his usual good health. He was in the 41st year of his age and in manner an inoffensive and agreeable man.
In the Presbyterian Bible Class room on Thursday October 5th, from three to four o'clock, Miss Amelia Youmans, M.D. of Winnipeg will meet the members of the W. C. T. U. At four o'clock sharp, she will conduct a mother's meeting to which all the ladies of the city are cordially invited. In the Congregational church on the same evening at eight o'clock Mrs. Youmans will address a public meeting. The subject is one of great importance to all. Collection to cover expenses.
On Saturday evening Prof. Alexander closed his series of ten or twelve lectures in our opera hall, on Phenology and kindred sciences dealing with the constitution of man, giving public examinations at the close of each. From the first the public interest increased, and at the close there were but few in the city who were not convinced Phenology was a science in itself true and complete. The professor is in his discourses, original, common sense, witty and fluent carrying conviction with every utterance. As a lecturer and a gentleman thoroughly posted in his profession we recommend him to any audience before whom he may appear.
HOLLAND.
The Presbyterian manse is nearly completed.
James Holland has made an addition to his store and has put in a car load of new furniture.
Mrs. Pentland and daughter returned home from a visit to Toronto a few days ago.
Mr. Yates is erecting a new house for Mr. William Campbell, and has it well under way.
The C. P. R. are testing for water near the station with the view of erecting a water tank.
F. Dagg has brought out the lumber yard of John Moor, and is making considerable improvements in and about the yard.
Miss Pentland has been in Toronto for the past five years. Mr. Pentland has just moved into his commodious new residence.
Work has begun to-day on the stone foundation of the new English church. Rolls & Mawhinney have the contract over the above the foundation.
R. V. Mr. Campbell and bride are expected home the beginning of next week. A reception is to be given them in the Presbyterian church on Tuesday evening, Sept. 26.
Mr. Mills, teacher, lost his only child from typhoid fever on Monday morning. The funeral took place on Tuesday afternoon and was largely attended. Mr. and Mrs. Mills have the sympathy of the whole community in their sad bereavement.
HOLLAND, Sept. 20.—A quiet wedding took place in town to-day. The youngest daughter of Postmaster A. C. Holland was married to Arthur D. Flint, the ceremony being performed by the Rev. D. H. Cooper, M. A., at 10.30 a. m. The young couple left for a short trip to the west amidst congratulations and good wishes from relatives and friends.
WOODWORTH COUNCIL.
Council met at Verity school house, as per adjournment, all present except Coun. Wholey.
Minutes of last meeting read and confirmed.
Communications from Municipal Commissioner re balance of levy; and from J. J. Arsenault re work done by himself and T. Modland on 5, 10, 24.
Shaw—Speers—That the Sec. Treas remit the taxes of J. J. Arsenault, as he has performed labor on road leading across 5, 10, 24, to the amount of his taxes. Carried.
Shaw—Speers—That the sum of ten dollars be refunded to S. C. Dinmore it having been paid in error.
Fraser—Nichols—That the sum of \$50.00 be granted Brandon Hospital.
Fraser—Nichols—That the Sect. Treas write H. H. Gaultier, Verden to draw up a by-law in accordance with subsection AGH 599, Municipal Act.
Speers—Shaw—There be no action taken in the account of R. H. Smith for plough broken during road work.
Fraser—Speers—That the following accounts be paid.
T. Frame, expenses to Brandon \$4.
Barber & Gunn, repairs on scrapers, \$2.00.
E. Christie, stationery, \$4.50.
D. Goodwin, \$0.50.
By-law No. 80 for the purpose of levying and raising the taxes to meet the liabilities of the Municipality for the current year, received its several readings and passed.
By-law No. 81, for the purpose of raising \$1,000 to meet current expenses received its several readings and passed.
Council adjourned, to meet at Verity School House on Saturday, Nov. 6th, 1893.
JOHN PACE, Sec. Treas.

GRISWOLD.
Threshing is now far advanced round here, and the yield is variously stated at from 8 to 20 bushels to the acre—the spring prophets are now hiding their heads under a bushel.
The yield for Manitoba will be far below the estimate. It does a great amount of harm to this country exaggerating the yield.
On Tuesday, the 12th inst. wife of D. Black, of the Royal, had a narrow escape of burning, her dress having caught fire. Promptness on the part of her husband saved her from serious consequences.
Tom McCarthy has another daughter. John Callum, formerly of the Royal, has, we understand, bought the Commercial Hotel at Alexander for the sum of \$4,500.
Itch on human and horses and all animals cured in 30 minutes by Woodford's Sanitary Lotion. This never fails. Sold by N. J. Halpin, Druggist.
For Over Fifty Years
Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used by millions of mothers for their children while teething. It is disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child, suffering and crying with pain of cutting teeth. Send at once and get a bottle of "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for children teething. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Depend upon it, mothers, there is no mistake about it. It cures diarrhoea, regulates the stomach and bowels, cures Wind Colic, softens the gums and reduces inflammation, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for children teething is pleasant to the taste and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price twenty-five cents a bottle. Sold by all druggists throughout the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup."
The Family Medicine.
Trout Lake, Ont., Jan. 2, 1890.
W. H. COCHRAN, Brockville.
Dear Sir—For a number of years I have used and sold your "Dr. Morse's Indian Root Pills." I consider them the very best for "Family Use," and all my customers speak highly of them.
Yours truly,
R. Lawson
The Summer Death Rates.
The greatest evidence of the dangers of Cholera, Morbus, Diarrhoea, and Dysentery, is the increase in the death rate of all the leading cities during the summer months. Men and women cannot be too careful of their habits of life during the heated terms, and particular attention should be paid to the diet of the season. A supply of Perry Davis' Pain Killer should always be at hand, for it is the only medicine that can be relied on at all times as safe, sure and speedy. A teaspoonful will cure any ordinary case; but in severe attacks it is occasionally necessary to bathe the sufferer's stomach with the Pain Killer. All reputable druggists have it for sale. 25c. price per large bottle.
Low Rates to Chicago.
The Northern Pacific Railroad announces some extremely cheap excursion rates to Chicago and return for the benefit of World's Fair visitors.
Tickets on the basis of one fair for the round trip will be on sale at the Northern Pacific office on Monday, July 24th, 25th and Aug. 7th, limited to return from Chicago on trains leaving that city either four or eleven days from date of sale. For further particulars call at Northern Pacific Ticket office.
ALL MEN
Young, old or middle-aged, who find themselves nervous, weak and exhausted who are broken down from excess or over work, resulting in many of the following symptoms: Mental depression, premature old age, loss of vitality, loss of memory, bad dreams, dimness of sight, palpitation of the heart, emissions, itching or peculiar sensation about the scrotum, wasting of the organs, dizziness, specks before the eyes, twitching of the muscles, eyelids, and elsewhere, bashfulness, deposits in the urine, loss of will-power, tenderness of the scalp and spine, weak and flabby muscles, desire to sleep, failure to be rested by sleep, constipation, dulness of hearing, loss of voice, desire for solitude, excitability of temper, sunken eyes, surrounded with LEADEN CIRCLES, oily looking skin, etc., are all symptoms of nervous debility that lead to insanity unless cured. The spring of vital force having lost its tension every function wastes in consequence. Those who through abuse, committed in ignorance, may be permanently cured. Send your address for book on diseases peculiar to man, sent free, sealed Address, M. V. LUBON, 24 Macdonnell Ave., Toronto, Ont.
High Healing Powers are possessed by Victoria Carboli Salve. The best remedy for Cuts, Burns, Sores and Wounds.
Pipe Smokers.
You may be satisfied with the brands of tobacco you have been using for years. Grant it: you are satisfied. As there is always room for improvement, we ask you to try our OLD CHUM PLUG, or cut smoking tobacco, and we believe you will be BETTER satisfied. In any case a trial won't hurt you. Don't delay upon the order of buying, but buy at once. Aug. 18 ad.
RICH PLUM PUDDING.
THIS delicious confection is nicely calculated to produce dyspepsia, heartburn, biliary troubles and headache. Burdock Blood Bitters is equally well calculated to cure these troubles and has proved its powers in hundreds of cases. B. B. B. regulates and purifies the entire system

1893. 1894.

BEAVER HALL

Removed,

The Great Clothing and Fur House!

JOHN T. SOMERVILLE,

Has removed his Stock from the Syndicate Block to the Store directly opposite E. L. Christie's Book Store, where he is busy opening up large Consignments of

NEW FALL CLOTHING.

Men's and Boys' New Fall Gents Furnishings, AND A

\$4,000 STOCK

Ladies' & Gents' Fur Goods.

Close prices to suit the hard times

Fur repairing done neatly & cheaply.

Yours for Bargains,

JOHN T. SOMERVILLE.

GREAT NORTH WEST CENTRAL RAILWAY.
Time Table.
IN EFFECT FRIDAY, JUNE 2, 1893.
A Mixed Freight and Passenger train, on Monday and Friday, and a Freight on Wednesday, running both ways, on the same days will arrive and depart as follows:

GOING NORTH WEST, read down.	STATIONS.	GOING SOUTH EAST, read up.
NO. 1		NO. 2
7.30 Leave	Brandon, C.P.R.	Arrive 29.49
8.45 "	Chatter 39.4	" 12.17
9.24 "	Forrest 47.7	" 13.09
10.00 "	Vatorec 57.1	" 13.13
10.40 "	3.0	" 13.55
11.05 "	32.3	" 17.35
11.50 "	42.8	" 16.55
12.15 Arrive	51	Leave 16.16

Meals going south east.
Flag station. Trains will not stop unless there are passengers to get on or off.

Central Standard Time.
The right is reserved to make such variations in this Time Table with or without notice as circumstances may require.
BORATHO F. FORREST,
Receiver and Manager.

ROSE'S FURNITURE CREAM.

Makes old Furniture just look like new.

Manufactured by

Rose & Co.

Chemists and Druggists

Rosser Ave.

BRANDON.

ROSE'S FURNITURE CREAM.
J. DAVIDSON, TAILOR.
In thanking his friends for their liberal patronage during the last three years, desires to say that he has on hand an excellent variety of goods at prices which he offers at very low prices. We do business at the small profits and quick return system.
Call and see our goods and prices.
J. Davidson
Next Door to C. P. R. Telegraph Office, Rossier Avenue.
HOUSE TO LET.
In Dr. Spence's Tenement, near House warm and comfortable, moderate. Apply to
Dr. Spence,
10th Street.